THE RED CROSS FOLLOWS THE FLAG

COSHOCTON MORNING TRIBUNE

VOL. VIII, No. 286. THE PAPER THAT PRINTS THE NEWS SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 5, 1917. THE PAPER THAT EVERYBODY READS TWO CENTS

National Mine Strike Is Off Says W. Green

Shortly After His Return To This City William Green Receives Telegram Saying Mining Difficulties Are Adjusted At Gallup, N. M.—Statement Of Circumstances In The Trouble.

Shortly after his return to this city from Indianapolis Saturday William Green, national secretary of the U. M. W. of A., declared the impending national strike of miners had been warded off by an adjustment of difficulties at Gallup, N. M.

The statement was made immediately following the receipt of the following telegram from Belen, N. M., where the Gallup miners had been deported:

"Our attorney wires Gallup now safe. Law and order prevail. We depart for Gallup 5:30."

NO I. W. W. ACTIVITIES.

Secretary Green denied that I. W. W. activities played any part in the trouble at Gallup, N. M., making the following statement:

"The Victor American Fuel Company entered into a two year contract with the miners. The company later sold the mine to a copper mining company. This company refused to abide by the terms of the miners' contract. A strike followed and the miners were driven from their homes. They were supplied with tents and provisions by the U. M. W. of A. and were living in the tents when company employees and a sheriff, armed with rifles and machine guns, forced them to board a train. They were taken to Belen, N. M., before being permitted to disembark."

CONCILIATION AFFECTED.

Upon receipt of information concerning the trouble Secretary Green wired particulars to President Wilson and high labor officials at Washington advising that unless the miners were given their rights a national strike would be called.

Speedy action resulted, three conciliators being named to adjust the trouble. That they succeeded is evidenced by the telegram received by Secretary Green.

SHIP BUILDING REQUISITIONED BY GOVERNMENT

Double And Triple Labor Shifts Will Speed Up Construction — Yard Owners May Enter Into No Private Contracts.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 4.—The emergency fleet corporation today dequisitioned all merchant vessels of more than 2500 tons now building in American shipyards. Double and triple labor shifts will be put in the yards to speed construction.

No announcement was made as to tracts or commitments for private construction and to begin no new work on contracts already made without first obtaining the permission of the Fleet Corporation.

Compensation of the construction seized will be determined later. The yards were directed to furnish immediately general plans and detailed specifications of the ships requisitioned, copies of all contracts and supplemental agreements and any other information that will assist the government in arriving at estimates of the ships' value.

For Foreign Account.

Much of the tonnage building is for British and Norwegian account. Its final di-position will be left to negotiations with the governments concerned, although the president has

—Continued On Page Two—

LLOYD GEORGE NOT IMPRESSED BY PEACE TALK OF THE KAISER

Says Kaiser And Chancellor Talk Of Peace Terms With Great Glibness.

BUT THEY STUTTER OVER RESTORATION

Prussian War Lords Plan To Succeed Next Time; Must Be No "Next Time."

BRITISH FIGHT ON

Allies Are United On Prosecution Of War Until Their Victory Is Complete.

LONDON, AUG. 4—David Lloyd George, the British premier, in the presence of a distinguished gathering representative of all parties, which met this afternoon in Queens hall to mark the third anniversary of the declaration of war, reiterated the aims for which the entente allies were fighting

—Continued On Page Two—

COX WOULD PUT SCREWS ON THE FOODSTUFF HOG

Threatens To Call Legislature To Meet Situation Unless Prices Are Lowered—Hold Conference soon

COLUMBUS, O., AUG. 4.—A gentlemen's agreement similar to that being put into force with Ohio coal operators, probably will be attempted by Governor Cox to lower the costs of foodstuffs in Ohio. While the governor has threatened to call a special session of the legislature to meet the situation unless prices are lower, it is regarded that such action will be taken only as a last resort. Publicity regarding the contemplated move is expected to react in keeping prices near reasonable levels.

Governor Cox is expected to hold a conference soon to go into the legislative phase of controlling food prices in an effort to determine just what laws are needed to make that possible.

The new law creating a state bureau of markets gives wide powers in handling and marketing of food stuffs, while the Valentine law may be used against "conspiracies" to inflate prices. However, the market bureau is without funds." Further legislation is needed to empower the state to fix and enforce food prices.

Federal Troops Will Put Down Anti-Draft Riot

Outbreaks In Oklahoma Will Be Put Down With The Aid Of Troops--Discontent In Other Sections Of The Country Leads To Drastic Action At Washington—Death Penalty Is Threatened-

WASHINGTON, AUG. 4.—Federal troops will be dispatched to Oklahoma and North Carolina to quell anti-draft riots.

Provost Marshal General Crowder and Assistant Attorney General Fitts, after a conference today decided to call upon the war department for troops for use where the situation is "overtaxing" the civil authorities.

Death Penalty For Anti-Draft Rioters.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 4.—All anti-draft riots will be put down with an iron hand. The men responsible will be prosecuted to the limit. No matter where the disturbances take place the federal government will intervene. Should the local authorities be unable to handle the situation federal aid will be sent.

That was the attitude announced today by the justice and war departments following reports from the south and southwest that armed bands were organizing to oppose the draft.

The authorities in Oklahoma where disturbances seem to center, in Georgia, where trouble up to the present seems to be confined entirely to rumors, North Carolina and certain sections of Virginia where the mountaineers have been reported under arms and in Texas, where disturbances already have taken place, have been directed to keep the departments here in direct touch with the situation.

Reports received here today indicate that the local authorities have acted to prevent further holding of open meetings. A good part of the opposition is declared to be due to ignorance. Pro-Germans have circulated reports throughout the mountain and agricultural regions of many states declaring that the opposition to the draft is general. In this work they have been greatly aided, officials declare, by telegraphed reports quoting New York and Chicago papers as characterizing the draft as a failure because of enor-

—Continued On Page Two—

First Ditch Car Then Are Jailed

Bert Larson and Delmer and John McGee, of Otsego, went over a fifteen foot embankment in a Ford automobile near the Warwick mine Saturday afternoon about two o'clock. With the exception of slight cuts and bruises they escaped injury, but no sooner had the men arrived in the city with their damaged car than they were arrested and lodged in the city prison on charges of intoxication.

John McGee, employed by Larson, was driving the car at the time of the accident. They report that as they passed a crossroad, a boy riding a bicycle approached them and refused to give any of the road. In attempting to pass the cyclist the machine plunged over the embankment.

A call was sent to the Loos garage for help. When Mr. Loos and the repair men arrived at the scene the car was standing on the rear end. The machine was pulled upon the road and driven to Coshocton, the engine and the steering apparatus being undamaged. The rest of the machine was badly damaged.

Chief of Police Mapel was called early in the morning by Larson's wife, who said the men were enroute to this city. She said they were intoxicated They are being held at the city prison.

County Prosecutors Will Represent The Draft Officials And Prosecute Slackers

COLUMBUS, O., AUG. 4.—By direction of the president, Governor Cox today named county prosecutors and city law directors or attorneys to represent the government in draft cases appealed from local boards. Also, by direction of the president, chairmen of local boards were authorized to administer oaths so that those making affidavits can make them before the chairman and without any cost.

Supplementing the two orders that went from state registration headquarters today was a general instruction from Provost Marshal General Crowder relating to recent marriages of men subject to the draft, and an instruction to local boards and to married men that cases of dependency must be clearly dependency and not a move to violate the principles of the selective service law.

To Contest Exemptions.

That the government will contest those cases in which exemptions are claimed and discharges granted by local boards, was finally and conclusively settled today when the order came to designate county prosecutors as government representatives in those counties of one or more districts in which there are no separate city districts ,and in naming city attorneys the representatives where cities have complete districts within themselves.

—Continued On Page Two—

Guards Will Break Camp During Week

(By Associated Press)

COLUMBUS, O., AUG. 4.—At mid night tonight the Ohio National Guard will be drafted into federal service...

Company I guardsmen will probably leave for Montgomery, Alabama, this week. Guardsmen last night declared that they were expecting to break camp at almost any moment.

Advices received Saturday from Montgomery, Alabama, were to the effect that the Ohio guards would arrive during the period from August 5-10.

The local guards have been drilling with their rifles and appear to a good advantage. Mosquitoes have been disturbing their slumbers. Saturday Sergeant James White and Corporal Harry King spent the day placing netting around the sleeping quarters to eliminate the pests.

Second Concert For Company I Tuesday Evening

The second concert for the pleasure of the members of Company I will be given Tuesday evening from 7 to 8 o'clock at the south door of the Fairlawn dance hall.

The program follows:

Piano Solo, Miss Norma Keagy.
Vocal Solo, Stewart Hayes, Jr.
Reading, Miss Dorothy Fretts.
Vocal Solo, Mrs. Lee Williams.
Reading, Miss Fretts.
Vocal Solo, Miss Mary Almack.

The first concert was given last Wednesday evening at Camp Weybrecht, and was greatly appreciated by the boys.

Mrs. De Saulles Is Calm Under Strain

NEW YORK, AUG. 4.—Plans for the defense of Mrs. Bianca Errazuriz De Saulles, the beautiful Chilean heiress, who last night shot and killed her divorced husband, John Longer De Saulles in a dispute over the custody of their child, were today being made by attorneys summoned to confer with the young woman now a prisoner in the Mineola jail on a charge of first degree murder

Despite the serion-ness of her situation, Mrs. De Saulles, according to the prison officials, remained remarkably cool and self-possessed today and showed no indications of remorse.

Local Men To Help Organize War Veterans

Capt. D. G. Stitts, Lieut. Howard Bible, Sergt. Frank Klingler, John Lazelle, Charles Burch will go to Mt. Vernon today to take part in the establishing of a Spanish-American War veterans camp in that city.

A meeting for the purpose of arranging to attend the meeting was held Friday evening at the Burch cash store. The trip will be made in automobiles.

Kentucky Mine Disaster Costs Several Lives

CLAY, KY., AUG. 4.—One hundred and seventy miners, most of them negroes, were entombed by a gas explosion in mine No. 7 of the West Kentucky Coal Co., here early today. Forty-six have been brought to the surface alive, together with four bodies, including that of Charles Wallace, mine foreman. Of the rescued, 24 were uninjured, the remainder suffering from burns, none of them serious. Approximately 120 men are still imprisoned in the working and black damp has made further rescue work impossible until a mine rescue car arrives from Evansvile, Ind.

National guardsmen, on duty since the strike troubles here, directed the work of rescue. The explosion is assorted to have no connection with the strike.

Harry McCormick In Port Royal. S.C.

Harry McCormick, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. McCormick, of Keene township, is now with the Marines at Port Royal, S. C., the company having arrived there Friday.

McCormick enlisted with the Marines in Cleveland last Monday.

THE WEATHER

FOR OHIO—Generally fair Sunday in north portion; Monday unsettled.

Abe Martin

They never erect any monuments t' a homebuddy. Tilford Moots's brother bought a $3,000 car t'day. He makes his money easy—farmin'.

Russians Stiffen Their Resistance

Teuton armies are still advancing in Galicia altho against increasing resistance on the eastern front and at some points the eGrmans are slowly being forced back by the pressure in the west west.

Gains were made by the British forces Friday on the Flanders front. St. Julien has been reoccupied. The French are becoming more active on the front to the north. Notwithstanding the continued inclement weather the French forces are driving a wedge beyond Koteker Cabaret, moving their line forward while their patrol is pushing back the eGrman outposts and are exploring considerable in advance, of the French positions.

Berlin announces an increase in the artillery line, saying it has reached a point of great violence at times on the

—Continued On Page Eight—

TO GET FURLOUGHS.

About 900 Colored Recruits Will Reenter Civil Life Through Change of Plans.

Approximately 900 colored recruits will be furloughed back to civil life, subject to call as reserves, as a result of the war department's abandonment of the plan to increase the Ninth battalion to a regiment.

Colonel Charles Young, colored, who was to have been placed in command of the proposed regiment, will probably be withdrawn from Ohio and assigned to duty elsewhere.

FRED ELDER VISITS HERE

Fred Elder, who is a member of the U. S. army hospital unit stationed at Columbus, arrived in Coshocton Saturday. He will spend the week-end with his father, Samuel Elder of Warsaw.

NOT MUCH.

A little bit of life,
A little bit of love,
A little bit of happiness,
And money; just to shove
Up the hill and over
To make our journey sweet—
And yet we do not ask much,
We say to all we meet:
Not much, not much,
Only all there is
Of richness and of beauty
In a world like this!

A little bit of fortune,
A little bit of smile;
A little bit of nowadays,
A little afterwhile;
A little bit to dine on,
A little bit to sip,
A tender arm, a red cheek,
A kiss upon the lip:
Not much, not much,
Only all that men
Have fought for and toiled for
And always will again!

A little bit of gladness,
A little bit of song;
A little bit of goodness,
A helping over wrong;
A little bit of friendship,
A little bit of rest,
A little bit of beauty
In a love lined nest:
Not much, not much,
Just enough to seem.
The life ever longed for
Come true in dream!

—Baltimore Sun.

Three Children Are Killed By Exploding Gas

(By Associated Press)

LANCASTER, AUG. 4.—Three children, Edna, Gladys and Dorothy Gloyd, aged 9, 8 and 4 respectively, were killed late today in a gas explosion at the house of a neighbor. Another child, Herbert Hanna, aged 9, and Frank Flint, aged 27, are in the city hospital terribly burned.

The explosion occurred at the house into which Flint was about to move The house, a double residence, one half of which is occupied by the Gloyd family; the other half was about to be occupied by Flint, had been vacant for some time. When Flint arrived at the house, the children entered the house with him. Flint struck a match and the explosion followed

Steps In Front Of Automobile

Miss Margaret Stewart, colored, aged 14, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Stewart, of Bank street, is suffering from several severe bruises about the body as the result of being struck by an automobile on Main street Saturday evening. She was taken to the office of Dr. F. M. Marshall where she received medical attention. Her condition is not thot to be serious

The girl and her mother were going down Main street in front of the Utahna theatre when the girl saw a friend across the street. She attempted to cross the street and stepped directly in the path of the automobile. The front wheel of the machine passed over her body. The driver of the car could not be identified last night.

24 Lose Lives As U.S. Ship Is Sunk By Uboat

WASHINGTON, AUG. 4.—Eight naval gunners and 16 sailors were lost when the American ship Motano was sun July 31 without warning by a German submarine, according to official statements received by the state department today.

Piedmont Boy Scouts Would Encamp Here

A number of Boy Scouts, comprising the Piedmont, O., troop, expect to arrive in this city Monday to select a camping site along the Walhonding.

The boys are under the command of a Piedmont physician who vouches for their character and conduct. Request is made that should anyone know of an available camping site, he communicate with this office.

Laborer Has Leg Broken

Stephen Koskondi, aged 40, of Clowville, is confined to the city hospital suffering from a broken leg received when struck by a railroad tie which he was cutting Saturday morning.

Koskondi and other workmen were cutting the tie when it slipped and fell on Koskondi's right leg. He was brot to Coshocton on a yard engine of the Pennsy railroad and removed to the city hospital in the Wolfe ambulance.

BASEBALL

How They Stand

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	60	31	659
St. Louis	53	46	535
Philadelphia	48	42	533
Cincinnati	55	50	524
Chicago	51	50	505
Brooklyn	47	47	500
Boston	41	43	488
Pittsburg	31	67	316

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Clubs	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	66	37	641
Boston	60	38	612
Detroit	54	47	535
Cleveland	55	49	529
New York	50	48	510
Washington	43	57	430
St. Louis	28	64	372
Philadelphia	35	61	365

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Clubs	W.	L.	Pct.
Indianapolis	67	40	627
St Paul	57	43	570
Louisville	61	49	555
Columbus	53	50	515
Kansas City	51	48	515
Milwaukee	40	57	412
Minneapolis	42	62	404
Toledo	41	63	394

TODAY'S GAMES.
National League.
New York at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.

American League.
None schedule.

American Association.
Columbus at Louisville.
Toledo at Indianapolis.
Milwaukee at Kansas City.
Minneapolis at St. Paul.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.
National League.
New York, 1; Cincinnati, 4.
Brooklyn, 0; St. Louis, 3.
Philadelphia, 1; Chicago, 3.
Boston, 6; Pittsburg, 3.

American League.
Chicago, 4; Philadelphia, 3.
Detroit, 3; New York, 0.
St. Louis, 3; Washington, 5.
Cleveland, 2; Boston, 3 (11 Innings).

American Association.
Toledo, 0; Indianapolis, 8.
Columbus, 9; Louisville, 13.
St. Paul, 6; Minneapolis 4 (First Game)
St. Paul, 0; Minneapolis, 4 (Second Game)
Milwaukee, 7; Kansas City, 6.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Condensed Score

National

Clubs		R	H	E
New York	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1	4	1
Cincinnati	0 0 0 1 0 0 3 0 0	4	12	2

Batteries—Schupp and Gibson; Regan and Wingo

Clubs		R	H	E
Brooklyn	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	3	0
St Louis	0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	3	10	1

Batteries—Sothoron and Miller; Meadows and Snyder.

Clubs		R	H	E
Phila.	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1	8	2
Chicago	0 0 0 2 0 3 0 0 0	5	6	2

Batteries—Rixey and Killifer; Carter and Wilson.

Clubs		R	H	E
Boston	1 2 0 0 0 2 1 0 0	6	5	1
Pittsburg	0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	8	2

Batteries—Tyler and Tragesser; Jacobs and Smith.

American

FIRST GAME—

Clubs		R	H	E
Chicago	1 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 2	7	10	1
Phila	1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0	3	12	2

Batteries—Benz and Schalk; Myers and Schang

SECOND GAME—

Clubs		R	H	E
Chicago	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 0	4	10	1
Phila.	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0	3	8	3

Batteries—Cicotte and Schalk; Johnson and Schang.

Clubs		R	H	E
Detroit	2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	4	2
New York	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	1	0

Batteries—Boland and Yelle; Caldwell and Walters.

Clubs		R	H	E
St Louis	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1	3	12	2
Wash'ton	3 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0	5	7	1

Batteries—Davenport and Severeid; Ayres and Ainsmith.

Clubs		R	H	E
Cleve.	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	2	7	0
Bos.	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1	3	12	2

Batteries—Leonard and Agnew; Coveleskie and O'Neill.

Association

Clubs		R	H	E
Toledo	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	6	2
Indian'lis	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	8	10	1

Batteries—Brady and Bresnahan; Dawson and Schang.

Clubs		R	H	E
Columbus	0 0 2 2 0 1 1 2 1	9	11	1
Louisville	1 4 5 1 2 0 0 0 0	13	2	0

Batteries—George and Blackburn; Beebe and Kocher.

FIRST GAME—

Clubs		R	H	E
St Paul	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1	6	6	1
Minn'lis	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4	9	4

Batteries—Finneran and Land, Williams and Owens.

SECOND GAME—

Clubs		R	H	E
St. Paul	2 0 3 0 0 0 3 1 0	9	11	0
Minn'lis	0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1	7	1

Batteries—Griner and Land; Thomas and Owens

Clubs		R	H	E
Milwaukee	0 2 0 1 0 2 0 1	7	13	3
Kan. City	1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 2	6	1	2

Batteries—Shepanick and Murphy; Pierce and Hargrave.

Hypoferrin
FOR BETTER NERVES

Better nerves—better health. For the run-down, tired, weak and worn. HYPOFERRIN Tablets furnish the nerve food that Nature has denied you. A single day's treatment often produces remarkable results —$1.00 per package, 6 packages for $5.00 from your Druggist, or direct from us if he cannot supply you. Sold only on the condition that we refund your money if you are not pleased with HYPOFERRIN results. The Sentanel Remedies Company, Inc., Masonic Temple, Cincinnati, Ohio.

TOWN TALK

Frank McClelland, of Cambridge, formerly of Coshocton, is visiting friends and relatives in this city.

Mrs. Clarence Davis and children, Audrey and Evelyn are visiting at the home of Mrs. Davis' parents, Dr and Mrs D. M. Criswell, of Plainfield

Miss Frances Heisser and Miss Bertha Rodman will spend today at Buckeye Lake.

Mrs John Waters and children, Paul and Grace, of near Cooperdale, are visiting friends and relatives at Tunnel Hill.

Miss Ada Hunter, of New Castle, is visiting at the home of Miss Gladys Waggoner, of Warsaw.

M. D Custer and son, of N Sixth St., are spending the week-end with relatives in New Philadelphia.

Richard Brucken has returned to Lorain after spending several days with his mother, Mrs. Helen Brucken, of North Sixth street.

Mrs. Albert Priest, of Conesville, spent Saturday in Coshocton.

Charles L. Force, of Akron, will spend Sunday with Coshocton friends.

Mrs. C. M. Jones has returned to her home in Canton after spending the past two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Medley, of Wilson Ave.

Where Tin Is Found.

Tin is found in ores with many other metals and minerals and in lumps and grains in alluvial gravels. It is found in Siberia, Australia, Guiana and, in fact, most parts of the world, but the notable workings, those which furnish the great part of the supply which the world consumes, are in Bolivia and the Straits Settlements. A large amount of tin is consumed in the manufacture of tinfoil, tons of which are used annually in the tobacco trade, and another extensive use for tin is in "silvering" the backs of mirrors. In being used in this way it is mixed with copper. Tin is also used in the making of bronze, brass and pewter.

Start the Day Right.

Start your day right. Bury the hatchet of the night before. Leave all your grouches in the bedroom and come out into the dawn of a new day with a smile. What matter if someone has annoyed you the night before? That day has passed with every pleasure and annoyance. Today is only started, and no one knows what will happen, good or bad, so it is well to be prepared for the best. Too many prepare for the worst, look for it and get it. Smiles are the least expensive of all joys of life, and the most upbuilding. So smile whenever you can.

Predicts Great Meeting

"Unless I miss my guess, the coming North Randall Grand Circuit meeting will be the best one of the year on the Grand Circuit," opined Tommy Murphy, the famous teamster who for several years has been the leading money winner of the Grand Circuit and this season is again out in front.

TOMMY MURPHY, MONEY WINNING DRIVER.

Asked why he thought so well of the North Randall meeting, Murphy went on to explain as follows:—

"You see, it is this way. First the Randall meeting doesn't come until the week of Aug. 13. By that time all of the horses that haven't been able to get into condition, owing to the backward spring, will be in shape.

UNBEATEN TROTTERS CLASH AT RANDALL

When the 2:09 trot is staged at the coming Grand Circuit at North Randall, the week of Aug. 13, a question that has been setting the horse world in a turmoil will be settled, for in that race the two trotters that have been making a clean sweep of all races, Mack Forbes and The Woodman, are due to meet in their first clash of the season.

THEATRES

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Starting Monday the Mystic theatre has made arrangement to run high class pictures consisting of Paramount, Triangle and other features during the remainder of the summer season to take place of the vaudeville tabloid attractions. The management wishes to announce the reason for this is the fact that practically all of the good vaudeville acts (the only kind the Mystic ever makes an effort to book) have gone in off of the road during the hot season as most vaudeville houses are now closed until the fore part of September. Of course this makes it impossible to book high class entertainment, and the Mystic management will not offer a bill unless it is right, so starting Monday all your favorite picture stars will appear as they did in the days before the Mystic inaugurated vaudeville. All of the big film stars will hold the boards until cooler weather when vaudeville will be resumed, and the management is already working on booking which will start sometime in September. Monday's Paramount picture features Cleo Ridgley and Wallace Reid in "The Selfish Woman."

Death From Superstition.

A superstitious Buddhist caused a man's death in Mura, Japan. A dealer in clogs went mad, owing to money troubles. His wife and his sister consulted a Buddhist. The ignorant devotee, believing that the man was possessed by a fox, advised them to take him to Nose temple. In accordance with the request of the man's relatives the devotee took the lunatic to Nose temple, where he threw him in a pool beneath a water fall known as Shiataki, holding him fast there with ropes. He repeated the process for a few days. Needless to say the lunatic's health suffered considerably by this extraordinary treatment. A few days later, at dawn, the zealot threw the [illegible] basin of the waterfall [illegible] him there for a few [illegible] returned the man [illegible] exhaustion and cold [illegible] result the ignorant [illegible] dy in a temple known [illegible] the same village, and [illegible] the lunatic had died [illegible] illness. The police, [illegible] of the affair and ar-

Subscribe for The Tribune.

PROSECUTORS

(Continued From Page 1)

This will give the government the opportunity of appealing just the same as is given those men who claim exemption but are not discharged and carry their cases to the district boards.

The provision granting chairmen of local boards authority to administer oaths will simplify greatly the making of affidavits and will eliminate customary charges that men making such affidavits otherwise would have been forced to pay.

Late Hour Marriages.

Much is left to the discretion of the local boards in the "late marriage" problem. The instruction from General Crowder on this point today was immediately sent to all local boards. It follows:

"The selective draft service law does not require discharges in all cases of technical legal dependency, but only permits discharges where, in view of dependency, a discharge is advisable.

"Local boards may well hold that a marriage hastily consummated recently, and especially one consummated by a person after he has been called to present himself for examination to determine his fitness for military service, does not create a status of dependency in which it is advisable to grant a discharge.

"It is expected that local boards will exercise full discretion in cases where they are convinced that unscrupulous persons have thus violated the principles of the selective service law in the hope of escaping a duty that is rightly theirs and of passing that duty on to someone else."

Question Of Dependency.

Governor Cox today urged that the matter of dependency be given very strict attention by boards and he points out for benefit of those who have dependents that there is no reason why such dependents cannot continue to receive assistance from the person enlisting. Pay of the soldier now is $30 monthly and he is given all his clothing, food, medical attention and other necessaries. Instances of men sending their families as much as $25 monthly are numerous. Military service consequently need not mean that dependents shall be in a position where no help at all can be given them.

Under a call sent out by Governor Cox, Saturday, the six federal district exemption appeal boards for Ohio will meet in Columbus Tuesday to arrange to co-ordinate their work and to confer with Judge Frank Davis, jr., final arbiter for the state in appeal cases.

Crowder Calls Meeting.

Provost Marshal General Crowder wired the governor, requesting that he call the members of these boards together soon so that a plan could be agreed upon to expedite their work. Judge Davis will probably preside over the meeting. He has established headquarters at the statehouse, using the office room of the lieutenant governor for this purpose.

Dr. Augustus Rinne of Marion, has been substituted for Dr. W. A. Held of Williams county, as member of District Board No. 3, of the Northern division, and J. A. Okey of Caldwell, has been substituted for Frank Pomerene of Coshocton, as member of District Board No. 1 of the Southern division.

He Did His Best.

Great amusement was caused by the action of a yellow hammer which tried to peck a hole through a castiron United States mail box on a post in front of a hotel in Albany, N. Y. The bird persistently operated his beak on the top of the box for several intervals of five to fifteen minutes with the result that the paint was slightly scarred in several places, but so far as could be ascertained, with no damaging effect to the beak. Early in the forenoon the proprietor of the hotel, was disturbed while reading the paper, by the sound. He watched the performance with amusement until some passer-by caused the bird to fly away. The bird returned several times during the forenoon and pounded away on the top of the box, at times a number of people acting as spectators.

WEST VIRGINIA
STATE FAIR
AND EXPOSITION
WHEELING
September 3-4-5-6-7, 1917
Agricultural, Live Stock, Mercantile and Other Exhibits
Races, Horse Show, Hippodrome, Vaudeville,
Amusement Devices, Dancing, Bands, Singing
LARGEST, FINEST SWIMMING POOL IN THE OHIO VALLEY

FEDERAL TROOPS

(Continued From Page 1)

mous numbers of exemptions and of men who are alleged to have taken steps permanently to disable themselves in order to keep from being sent to the front.

Officials here declare that the men responsible for the circulation of these reports are to be arrested immediately.

Antidraft rioters may face death if they are subject to call to the national army. Under the regulations promulgated by President Wilson, failure to observe the law places the violator under martial law. A court martial may hold the violators as deserters. The penalty for desertion in war time may be death.

Provost Marshal General Crowder said he had an official report on rioting from but one state—North Carolina.

"I can not give out any excitable statement about it, however," the general said, "for I am not excited. The situation does not warrant excitement."

LLOYD GEORGE

(Continued From Page 1)

and indicated the only conditions under which they would consent to a suspension of hostilities with the Central powers.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the national war aims committee and was probably the greatest patriotic demonstration of the year. Premier Lloyd George's appearance was the signal for a remarkable manifestation of popular favor.

The British prime minister said he did not trust the German peace talk. "Neither the kaiser nor the chancellor," he declared, "has yet said he would be satisfied with German soil. They talk glibly about peace but stammer over the word "restoration." Before we have a peace conference they must learn to use the word 'restoration.' So far they have not learned even the first letter of the alphabet.

Prussian Plot Miscarried.

"War is a ghastly business, but it is not so bad as their peace. While they know their plot has miscarried this time, the Prussian war lords have determined to succeed the next time. There must be no 'next time.' This generation must eliminate war from the tragedies of human life."

Continuing, Mr. Lloyd George said: "If we sow seeds of discontent and disunion in the nation, we shall reap defeat. A nation which falters before it reaches its purpose will never become a great people. No one in Great Britain, France, Italy and Russia or even Germany and Austria, has any idea how near we are today to the summit of our hope.

Victory Must Be Complete.

"Victory must be so complete that our national liberty never again shall be challenged. Russia learned that an army without discipline is a rabble. There are some here who want to set up committees for the British army and direct the conduct of the war. We cannot allow a sectional organization to direct the war or to dictate the terms of peace. The nation as a whole made war and the nation as a whole must make peace.'

The premier, on opening his address, asked what would have happened if Great Britain had not entered the war. He answered this question by saying:

"Europe would have been at the mercy of a cruel military power. Russia would have disintegrated sooner. France would have fought bravely, but might have been overwhelmed. America's Monroe doctrine would have been treated as a scrap of paper. The fact today is that we have checked the ambitions of Germany."

Junker Party In Saddle.

Lord Robert Cecil of the British foreign office, declares that there is a great loss of confidence on the part of Germany compared with a year ago

"As to peace we still consider that the junker party in Germany still maintains ideas like that of the annexation of Belgium, with which they entered the war, said Lord Robert Cecil. "Until the junkers abandon these ideas it is unlikely that the German government will likewise abandon them.'

Lord Robert declared there is less war weariness in England than any other country.

SHIP BUILDING

(Continued From Page 1)

power to retain it if the tonnage is needed by the United States. The British government, it is understood, is willing to relinquish to this country all of its tonnage building here. The American ships requisitioned will be kept for operation by the shipping board.

The shipping board and the fleet corporation still have under consideration the plan of Major General Goethals, formerly manager of the corporation, for construction of two government owned shipyards. Rear Admiral Capps, now manager, it is understood, does not look on the scheme with favor and believes the ships can be built in private-owned yards.

Plans for requisitioning American tonnage now on the seas have been held up temporarily by the shipping board until legal technicalities are straightened out.

Legend of Hangman's Stone.

Numerous large bowlders in England as well as in this country have received the name of the hangman's stone, as a result of a legend which attaches much the same story to each. There were two fiends in the parish of Foremark, in Derbyshire, called the Great and the Little Hangman's Stone, from the boulders which they contained. The former was five or six feet high, with an indentation running across the top. This peculiar mark was explained by tradition, as follows: Once upon a time a thief, having stolen a sheep, placed his booty on the top of the stone while he rested, but it slipped off and strangled the man with the rope which tied the sheep to his back, the indentation being made by the friction of the rope passing back and forth in the struggles of the dying man to extricate himself.

SCOOP THE CUB REPORTER — Some Ladies Are More Expensive Thad Others -:- "By Hop"

Select a Corset

as you choose your gown

for its graceful, fashionable lines.

You make your choice doubly safe and certain of lasting satisfaction when you select

American Lady Corset

Many figures are very similar yet no two are exactly alike. You want the corset that is made especially for your figure. You will find in our American Lady Corsets just the model to give you correct style perfect at and delightful comfort.

American Lady Corsets a $2 Lead

Other models at $1 to $5.

Back lace and front lace.

THE GEM

Pope Is Peeved Toward Germany

ROME, AUG. 4.—It is stated in Vatican circles that the pope's impartial attitude toward official Germany is undergoing a change. The pope is reported to regret greatly the action of Germany in connection with the deported Belgians. The new attitude appears to have been adopted after the fall of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor, who just before his resignation, wrote what now is apparent was a farewell letter to the Holy Father, thanking him for his forbearance and favors, also calling attention to the fact that he had always tried his best to grant the pope's demands regarding prisoners.

Commenting on the situation, Italia points out that the relations of the Vatican with the Austrian Catholics are excellent, that whereas the German bishops have been subservient to the government, the Austrian bishops have remained independent and have even protested against German atrocities. The latter also resented the fact that official Germany spent large sums to protestantize Austrian Catholics, working partly through Empress Augusta.

Still Seeks Pope's Favor.

Italia says further Austria still desires to keep in favor with the Vatican hoping therein to secure a peace intermediary. This wish is encouraged by the Vatican, which has not yet lost hopes of sitting at the peace conference; also that Benedict XV. is careful not to confuse his peace attempts with those now being made by Socialists.

Although an absolute break with Germany is not expected at this time, it is certain that the Belgian deportations are daily making more difficult the maintenance of relations. The pope's personal position is also uncomfortable as the result of the fight made by Anglo-French and Belgian Catholics, who long have claimed that the pope was surrounded by central empire influences.

APPEAL FOR WORKERS AT RED CROSS ROOMS

If you have not yet found your way to the Red Cross work room in Central school building consider this a personal invitation to spend a half day at least there this week. It will be open the usual days and hours Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday from nine a. m. until four p. m.

Whether you are a skilled needlewoman or an inexperienced one you are needed. The demand for hospital supplies and surgical dressings of all kinds is increasing steadily.

It is going to take the combined woman-power of the country to meet it and Coshocton must not fall short. The responsibility for this work does not belong to a few women in Coshocton, but to all.

Don't say you have not time. Prearrange your household affairs so you will have time; you can give at least half a day.

Don't say you cannot sew well enough. There is plenty of work for inexperienced needlewomen.

The all-important thing is for every woman to do her part.

You cannot go across with a gun, but you can do your bit at home for the Red Cross.

About Cousins.

The children of brothers are called cousins, cousins german and first or full cousins. Often, however, the term second cousin is loosely applied to the son or daughter of a cousin german, more properly called a first cousin once removed. A first cousin once removed is the first cousin's child; a first cousin twice removed is the grandchild of one's first cousin; a second cousin once removed is the child of one's second cousin. A first cousin once removed is sometimes called a second cousin, followed by a third, fourth, etc. The relation of an individual to his father's cousin is that of a first cousin once removed, and his relation to his father's cousin's child is that of first cousin twice removed, or third cousin.

Timiskaming.

The name Timiskaming is from the word Timikaming of the Nipissing Indians, the intrusive letter "s" being due to Canadian French. It is derived from timiw, "it is deep," and caming, "in the water," meaning in "the deep water." It is the name of the lake lying between northwestern Quebec and northwestern Ontario, and through it flows the Ottawa river. Near its western shore is the Cobalt district, famous for its rich silver mines. In places the waters of the lake are very deep, as the Indians evidently knew, for they gave it a name that means "in the deep water." A band of Algonquin Indians, known as the Timiskamings, and closely related to the Abitibi, once lived on the shore of the lake.

FAMILY WASHINGS!

done by modern process, with good material. Every garment when washed comes out fresh and clean.

EUREKA LAUNDRY COMPANY

Saturday Was Quiet At The Guards' Camp

Four quilts are unclaimed at Camp Weybrecht, because the identifying tags are lost. Other bedding has been returned by the guardsmen. If you have not received yours, call Camp Weybrecht and it will be delivered.

Captain Earl E Bonsor, of the Third Ohio Infantry regiment, was a guest at Camp Weybrecht Saturday.

The day was quiet at Company I headquarters. Several of the men were given leaves of absence to spend the weekend at their homes.

Child Breaks Arm In Fall

Alighting on right arm as she fell from a velocipede caused Elsie Frederick, aged 4, to sustain a fracture of that member Friday evening. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Frederick of South Eighth street.

Motor Unit Squad Want 'Housewives'

So useful and desirable are the "housewives" made by the members of the National League for Women's Service, that the motor unit division has placed an order with the League for similar packets. Company I boys, it is said, have already had occasion to ply the needles found in their packets and have found the "housewife" a practical article.

Has Thumb Mashed In Coupling Cars

Melville Gray, of Morgan Run, is suffering from a badly mashed right thumb sustained Saturday when the digit was caught between two cars at the Morgan Run mine, when he attempted to couple two cars. He was attended by Dr. J. G. Smailes.

Salvation Army Holds No Service

The 5:30 and 7:30 services usually held at the Salvation Army citadel on Sunday evening will not be held this evening, as the officers, band and members will go to Warsaw to attend the tent meeting.

Pope Funeral At 2 O'clock Monday

Funeral services for Mrs. I. Bentley Pope, who died at Mt. Carmel hospital, Columbus, Friday, will be held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home on Main street.

Child Is Hurt While Coasting

Dr. J. G. Smailes was called to the Phillip Crater home on East Main street Saturday noon to attend Joseph Crater, aged 12, who sustained a mashed finger and severely bruised arm when the wagon in which he was riding upset. He was coasting down the East Main street hill and was dragged several feet.

Communion At M. P. Church

The fourth quarterly communion services will be held at the Methodist Protestant church this morning at 10:30 o'clock. It will be administered by the pastor, Rev. A. B. Williams, and following the communion, water baptism will be administered.

Benefit Check Given By Lodge

Mrs. Anna Adams, of Elm street whose husband, James Adams died a short time ago, received a check for $250 Saturday from the Junior Order of United American Mechanics lodge, of which Mr. Adams was a member.

Try an Ad in the classified column of The Tribune.

City subscribers should insist on a receipt from the carrier.

ANOTHER COUNTRY TAKES UP ARMS AGAINST KAISER.

COPYRIGHT, UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD, N. Y.

King Vagiravudh, of Siam, has declared that a state of war exists between his country and Germany and Austro-Hungary. Nine steamships aggregating 19,000 tons have been seized.

The object of Siam's declaration is to "uphold the sanctity of international rights against nations showing contempt for the principles of humanity and respect for small states."

All Austrians and Germans have been placed under arrest and their businesses closed, the dispatch adds.

NEWSY LETTERS FROM RURAL ROUTES

WEST CARLISLE

Mr. and Mrs. Glen Graham and little son, John, of Huntington, W. Va., are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Mary Graham.

Mrs. E. E. Howell and daughter, Miss Faye shopped in Coshocton last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Wright are attending the camp meeting at Warsaw this week.

Mrs. John Morris and little daughter, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Morris, returned to their home in Crestline Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Miller, of Delaware, were entertained at the home of C. B. Preston last Sunday.

C. F. Edwards of Newark, is spending the week with his aunt, Mrs. F. C. Welling.

Mrs. Alice Magruder of Los Angeles, Cal., is calling on old neighbors and friends this week.

Mrs. W. O. Wiggins and daughters, Lena and Rine, spent Thursday in Coshocton.

Mrs. William Matthews, Misses Etta Welling and Estella Hughes were in Warsaw last Saturday.

Miss Ethel Hoot, who has been attending summer school at Athens, will return home Saturday.

COSHOCTON RT. 6

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Fortune and children, Harold and Ruth; Mr. and Mrs. V. Fortune, of Columbus is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. John Hardesty.

French Darr, of Walhonding, spent Sunday with Robert and Jane Dickey.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Dickey and Eugene, spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. John Green.

Miss Adda Richardson spent Thursday with Mrs. Eva M[illegible].

Mrs. Nana Shaw spent Wednesday with Mrs. Jennie D[illegible].

Mrs. Della Norris spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson Marshall.

Mrs. Sadie Richardson and daughter, Bertie, spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Sam Glace.

Mrs. Mary Richardson and daughters, Stella and Ira Mildred were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Wright.

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Roberts of Coal Hollow, spent a few days with the former's mother, Mrs. Jane Roberts.

TUNNEL HILL.

The farmers in this vicinity are finishing up haying.

Mrs. Warren Fry attended the festival meeting at Warsaw Tuesday.

Mrs. Belle English of Coshocton, is visiting her grand son, Charley Haines Jr.

Mr. Charley Haines is improved at this writing.

Our mail man, Fred Pixman, has resigned after carrying the mail for about nine years. He expects to be a traveling salesman.

Thomas Metz and Frank Dixon were business callers in this city Saturday.

C. W. Robinson has moved into a house belonging to Henry Haines.

Dan Deer and family have returned to their home in Washington after an extended visit with Dr. Dean.

Hillary Reed and Beulah Haines attended the surprise party on Mrs. Ann Griffith Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson Easter, Mr. and Mrs. Enoch Darr motored to Coshocton Saturday.

Mrs. Denzle Walker called on Mary Easter Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Nancy Wable, who has been ill, is somewhat improved.

Elder Berry has purchased a new touring car.

Fred Shepler and Nellie Underwood motored to Warsaw Wednesday evening.

Misses Margaret and Millie Haines, Messrs. Jesse Ramsey and Vaughn Stuber attended camp meeting at Warsaw Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Dickerson spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Willie McCluggage.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Sproul spent Sunday in Blissfield.

Lonnie Darr and Mary Easter shopped in Tunnel Hill Saturday evening, after which they attended the festival at West Carlisle.

Clyde Sproul is carring the mail on route 1 now.

Newton Mullet is assiting Jackson Easter thru harvest.

FRESNO ROUTE FOUR

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Welling, Gail and May Welling, motored to Ritman Saturday and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lester Welling.

Mr. and Mrs. William Engel, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Engel, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bood, Mrs. T. M. Schutz, Miss Anna Schutz, Irvin Schlarb and Oliver Purgler, attended the funeral of Mrs. Edward Scarr, at Coshocton, Monday.

Miss Gertrude Schutz underwent an operation at the Coshocton hospital Tuesday.

Atlee Schwartz and family, John Watson and family, from Coshocton spent Sunday with relatives near New Bedford.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Engel, Riley Lower, Irvin Schlarb and Miss Iney Chance, motored to Dover Sunday and spent the day with Ross Blair and family.

Mrs. Nancy Kefober and son, William, spent Sunday with relatives in Stark county.

Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Storm and children Harold and Russell, Mrs. Sarah Storm and Fred Hault motored to Millersburg, Sunday.

The Park Hotel RESTAURANT

"COOLEST PLACE IN TOWN"

Special Sunday Dinner 12 to 2

GRAPE FRUIT COCKTAIL
TOMATO BOUILLON
YOUNG ONIONS RADISHES
BROILED LAKE SUPERIOR WHITE FISH HOTELIERE
ROAST RIBS OF PRIME BEEF, AU JUS
FRICASSE OF CORN FED CHICKEN, HOME MADE NOODLES
MASHED POTATOES NEW PEAS IN CREAM
HOT ROLLS
SLICED TOMATOES
THOUSAND ISLAND DRESSING
FRESH PEACH PIE CHILLED WATERMELON
MAPLE SAP IN CREAM LAYER CAKE
SWISS CHEESE TOASTED WAFERS
TEA COFFEE ICE TEA MILK

SUNDAY, AUGUST 5, 1917

DIVINE WORSHIP IN MINES

Workers Underground Are Afforded Places in Which They May Perform Religious Devotions.

In the Myndd Newydd coal mines, in Wales, there is an "apartment" used exclusively as a place of worship. This underground chapel dates from a period of more than fifty years ago, since when it has always been used as a church, the miners assembling in this strange room every morning to perform their religious devotions.

The chapel is situated close to the bottom of the shaft, so that the miners, on descending the pit, can attend before proceeding to their various stations. The "apartment" lacks ornamentation or adornment, the pillars and beams supporting the roof being of rough wood. A disused coal trolley, turned on end, serves as a pulpit. The miners sit upon wooden benches placed across the chapel from side to side, and the oldest worker of the mine performs the duty of pastor.

In the salt mine at Wieliczka, Austria, there is a chapel of St. Anthony, a Byzantine excavation, supported by columns, with altar, crucifix and life-size statues of saints, apparently in black marble, but in reality made of salt.

Subscribe for The Tribune.

TAKE SALTS FOR THE KIDNEYS IF YOUR BACK HURTS

We Should Drink Lots of Water and Eat Less Meat, Says Noted Authority on Kidney Disorders

Recommends a Spoonful of Jad Salts In Glass of Water Before Breakfast to Stimulate Kidneys and Eliminate the Uric Acid

Uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked, get sluggish, ache, and feel like lumps of lead. The urine becomes cloudy, the bladder is irritated, and you may be obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night. When the kidneys clog you must help them flush off the body's urinous waste or you'll be a real sick person shortly. At first you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, you suffer from backache, sick headache, dizziness, stomach gets sour, tongue coated and you feel rheumatic twinges when the weather is bad.

Eat less meat, drink lots of water; also get from any pharmacist four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active. Druggists here say they sell lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

COSHOCTON MORNING TRIBUNE

An Independent Daily Newspaper

Entered as second class mail matter at the postoffice at Coshocton, O., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Resolutions and obituaries are charged for at the rate of 25 cents an inch; cards of thanks at 5 cents a line.

The Tribune is served by The Associated Press, The American Press Association, and The International Syndicate.

Member of The Audit Bureau of Circulations, The Ohio Select List, the A. N. P. A., and Gilt Edge List.

Published every morning except Monday by THE TRIBUNE COMPANY, 116 North Sixth Street, Coshocton, Ohio.

Eastern Representative—Robert E. Ward, Brunswick Building, New York.

Western Representative—Robert E Ward, Room 1300, No. 5, South Wabash Ave.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

By Carrier, a week .... 10c | By Mail, a month 25c
By Carrier, a year .... $5.00 | By Mail, a year $3.00

All mail subscriptions are payable in advance and paper stops on expiration. This is to comply with postoffice rulings and there will be no deviation therefrom.

Communications must be signed by the authors, written on one side of the paper only, and shall not be in excess of 400 words. The paper reserves the right to reject such communications as it sees fit.

The Morning Tribune is not responsible for any unsolicited manuscript which is not plainly marked with the name and address of the sender and accompanied by sufficient postage for return.

The circulation of The Morning Tribune from Apr. 1, 1914, to Apr. 1, 1915, has been audited by THE AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATIONS and the figures verified under date of July 10, 1916.

THE TROUBLES OF DEMOCRACY

A critic of American institutions says that political and social conditions with us are always unsettled. That is true. And we might add the personal hope that they always will be. The same critic makes a comparison favorable to Germany, by saying there is more stability in Germany than here.

While recently in Russia Elihu Root, for whose political views most Americans have slight esteem, truthfully said: "Democracies are always in trouble." He made this remark with a view to consoling the Russian people, who were at the time, and still are, living in a state closely bordering on chaos. In making that statement Mr. Root meant merely to reassure Russia and not to discourage her in her attempt at democracy.

Nations are only aggregations of individuals. And as long as we enjoy life we will have trouble. Trouble is an indication of life. And the more alive a man, or a nation, is the more trouble he is in. Only as we approach death do troubles fade. For him who longs for a state of perfect peace the graveyard is the goal. Only in death do troubles cease to annoy.

"In America," says Dr. Frank Crane, "congress is always squabbling, the senate is always objecting, newspapers are always exposing, preachers warning, politicians denouncing, women complaining, soap-box orators declaiming; we have prohibitionists, single taxers, populists, greenbackers, free silverites, socialists, the A. P. A., suffragettes, anarchists, pacifists; the minority is lively and vociferous; no party, even led by Gabriel and composed of angels, would be allowed to manage things in peace."

There is nothing much overdrawn about that. There is nothing wrong about it. It is not a bad sign—it is a sign of life, of strength, of progress. It is when a nation begins to decay that everything runs smoothly. It is when it is on the downward course that there is quiet and peace.

But it is the quiet that precedes death, the peace of flowers and soft music and the last slow, dignified march to the cemetery. The din of the industrial centers, the bustle of the mart, the wrangles of the forum all are indicative of CHANGE, of the formation of new tissue, the birth of new ideas. They indicate CHANGE, and CHANGE is the universal law of LIFE.

"I came not to bring peace but a sword," said the greatest social reformer that ever lived. And the bone of contention that he tossed into the human kennel is still the greatest disturber of The Established Order the world has ever known.

Christ was the greatest of democrats. To him secret orders and creeds and parties and nations were alike useless. His appeal was to all mankind. His words were revolutionary, the most revolutionary ever uttered. They moved men to martyrdom when he lived and they will continue to raise up martyrs for Justice and Truth 2,000 years after we are dead and forgotten.

Henry George declared: "I AM FOR MEN." And in that brief statement he summed up the whole creed of the true democrat. Like the Nazarene, whose devout follower he was, George was the prince [illegible]. He set in motion trains of thought that will inspire men to [illegible] poverty to the end of time. His doctrine tramples over boundary lines and in the end will set men free [illegible] the world.

Lincoln's democracy was of the same kind. He said that no nation [illegible] half slave and half free. He espoused the cause [illegible] He became the servant of men in order that slavery might be abolished from the earth. And as he valued himself the least among men, so has mankind, with its unerring sense of justice, made him the greatest of his day.

[illegible] says: "The theory of [illegible]

Prussia is to crush the man who opposes the government. The theory of democracy is to hire him a hall."

And that about expresses the difference between autocracy and democracy. The public forum of our Republic, whether it be the stately halls of the senate, or the lowly soap box of the Socialist, has been democracy's safety valve. A free press, with all its complainings, all its muck raking, all its superficially, has been the salvation of America. Jefferson said: "As between government and a free press, I would choose the latter."

In short, autocracy means oppression and in the end stagnation. Democracy means action, CHANGE, growth. It is true, as Mr. Root said: "Democracies are always in trouble." But so long as they are in trouble they are alive. It is only dead ones who have not troubles.

PATIENCE

BY WALT MASON

[illegible] and I feel that I am now going eighty, I feel like one of twenty six.

Root Mission Returns; Will Give No Facts

A PACIFIC PORT, Aug. 4.—The American mission to Russia, headed by Elihu Root, landed here late last night. No official statement on the work of the mission in Russia or on the report that the mission will make after its return to Washington was made public. Mr. Root, acting as spokesman, declared that he had nothing to say beyond the fact that "the party had been hospitably received in every Russian city visited."

From the Russian revolution will be evolved a stable government, according to James Duncan, vice president of the American Federation of Labor. Its establishment is retarded, he declared, by the radical so-called reformers, who have returned to Russia from America. The success of the revolution Mr. Duncan attributed to the workmen of Russia, by whom the propaganda of freedom was first carried to the peasant class at the time of the original duma in 1905.

Handicapped By Germans.

Charles Edward Russell said the task of new Russia was greatly handicapped by German influences and the ceaseless activity of the German propagandists.

MADE A MATTER OF BARTER

John Wanted Contract to Be Explicit as to the Ownership of Those Trousers.

A village clergyman in England, walking round his parish, met an old parishioner. "Well, John," he said, "how is it I have not seen you at church for several Sundays?" "Hain't got no Sunday trousers," answered John. "Well," said the clergyman, "I think we can remedy that. I have a pair at home which will just about fit you, and I will have them sent to you today." "Thankee!" said John. The trousers were duly sent, and the following three Sundays John was seen at church. Then, after being absent for some time, the clergyman again met him. "Well, John," he said, "you have no excuse for not coming to church lately. How is it I have not seen you there?" "Look here, parson!" said John. "I like a man to speak plain. I know what you mean, you're a-thinking about them trousers. I come to church three Sundays, an', if you don't think I earned them trousers, just tell me how many more Sundays I shall ha' to come afore they're mine altogther!"

A House Guest.

"She's a house guest of her mother." "That's a queer expression. She lives at home all the time." "Well, she sits around while her mother does the work."

HOGWALLOW LOCALS

[illegible] who has been thinking [illegible] employment with a [illegible] has decided to wait until next spring and figure on [illegible]

* * *

[illegible] He says [illegible] in bed for three weeks [illegible] could hardly [illegible] and when he got [illegible] walk his corns were [illegible] a person wants to [illegible] his corns and cannot have [illegible] he supposes any other ailment will do just as well.

* * *

Miss Flutie Belcher has taken off her bracelet as the girls are not wearing much this summer.

CLEVERNESS OF A THIEF.

He Made the Job a Thorough One While He Was About It.

The retail store is often the recipient of unreasonable demands for adjustment of one sort or another, but the following incident related by a man in the business seems to be a high light in the picture.

In this case the theft of a package of dress goods and silks was made from a delivery wagon by a crook, whose procedure indicated an experienced hand in department store methods. He immediately took the package, which had been purchased C. O. D., to the customer who had bought the goods and was paid the $12 called for by them. The dress fabrics had been bought for the purpose of making a suit, and the customer asked the pseudo delivery man to take the package around to her dressmaker, whose shop was only a few blocks away. She paid him a quarter for doing this, and he skipped around to the dressmaker.

Here was where he began to show real cleverness. The story he told the dressmaker upon turning the package over to her was that her customer had paid $10 on the goods and wanted her to make up the difference, which was $2, and put it on the bill for the suit. This account seemed perfectly plausible to the dressmaker, who promptly paid out the $2, knowing that the goods were worth a good deal more. The thief was then just $14.25 to the good—$12 as the original payment, 25 cents as a tip and $2 that the dressmaker paid.

The store in this case was out the $12, which would seem to be sufficient punishment for the driver's lack of vigilance, but the customer was by no means satisfied to let the matter drop there. She wanted the store to pay back the $2 the dressmaker had given out. This claim, of course, could not be allowed.—New York Times.

PATHETIC OLD AGE.

Have Pity For the Man Who Has Outlived His Usefulness.

Whenever age has stricken from a man his power of usefulness and activity there is demand for human sympathy. He may be the inmate of a home of luxury or so placed that his bodily needs and the companionship of equals and friends may be all that is to be desired, still the old man whose life work has closed and who must sit idly by and watch the sands in the hour glass run swiftly out is an object of profound consideration and should be given the veneration that his position and past deserve.

Of all human beings who through advancing years or bodily affliction have reached the limit of usefulness man is the most pitiable. His has been the work of actual accomplishment. He has depended on his strength as a great fortress and has been lavish in its use. Unlike the woman or the child or the mentally and physically afflicted during life, he has been the world builder and the home maker. On his shoulders have rested the great tasks of life, the creation of a home, the support of a family and the achievement of great things in business and society.

To lay these things all aside at the behest of Time's beckoning finger and the approaching decay in mind and body is a tragic thing, however much we may glorify the peace and calm that is said to come in the sunset days of life. The old man is largely a stranger in a land made strange by the absence of many of those with whom he began the journey.—Pittsburgh Gazette Times.

Deaths From Athletic Sports.

Dr. Robert E. Coughlin of New York city, writing in the New York Medical Journal, says 943 lives were sacrificed on the fields of athletic sport in the ten years ending with, but not including, the year 1916.

"Baseball leads the list with 284 fatalities," he says. "Football is second with 215, auto racing third with 128, boxing fourth with 105. Seventy-seven cyclers and forty-four jockeys lost their lives, fifteen wrestlers perished on the mat, fourteen persons lost their lives playing golf, nine were killed at bowling and one died while playing lawn tennis."

Influence of America.

It is a fact that no matter how backward, how crude, how ignorant, how illiterate are the workers and aliens who come to your shops something in the American life and environments puts a civic intelligence and sense of independence into the workers which every executive must understand and co-operate with.—Meyer Bloomfield in Industrial Management.

Fighters.

Nearly all successful business men possess fighting qualities. Commodore Vanderbilt was a fighter. Harriman, Hill and Morgan were fighters. Men who aspire to do big things must have daring, must have courage, must have self confidence. They must be prepared to accept risks. They must exhibit boldness when others show timidity.—Leslie's.

An Effective Introduction

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

Worthington was at the seashore. The day was foggy, but since there was nothing to do at the hotel he concluded to walk on the beach. He could not see the waves as they rolled in, but he could hear them break and the swishing sound as they slid up on the sands. That at least was better than lounging over a magazine or knocking balls about on a billiard table.

For awhile he kept between the dunes and the verge of the ocean. He could see nothing a dozen feet before him, but occasionally when a dune towered above him he caught a slimy sight of it. At times he diverged from his line of direction toward the ocean and could see the foam ready to encircle his feet. Aiming to keep midway between the dunes and the foam, when he got too near the one he bent his course toward the other.

Why did he continue to walk shut off from everything save the sands beneath his feet? Why do we do anything we are not obliged to do? Why will a man risk his life climbing a cliff? Why will one who has made a fortune continue in the slavery of business? Why does the sailor imprison himself in a ship when he has the whole earth to wander on?

He didn't know. He had begun to saunter to avoid ennui. But as he proceeded he forgot those at the hotel sitting about listlessly with a bored look on their faces. He was walking in the mist because he wished to. There was something he liked in being thus shut off from the world he knew to be about him but could not see. He had sympathized with blind persons and wondered how they could be cheerful, as many of them were. Now he understood. But he could not give his understanding in words.

Something dark loomed before him, and in another moment a woman stood facing him, a few feet from him. She was young and pleasant to look upon.

There was a zest in this meeting, though the person met was a stranger to him. He might have met a girl, many girls, time and again on a beach when the whole panorama of nature was spread out before him and not one have attracted his attention. But here out of nothingness had sprung a living being. It was like a child coming from the unknown. One does not consider anything remarkable in a stone falling at his feet even if it comes from a meteorite, but a living human being suddenly entering into his life—this was a wonder.

An introduction, essential under other circumstances, would have been incongruous. Worthington forgot even to raise his hat. The girl at first started, then her features broke into a quick, brief smile. Then she said:

"Strangely met."

"Yes, strange. But no stranger than all other meetings. Every meeting is strange. It is all strange."

"What?"

"Everything from the universe down to a grain of sand."

"The universe is not so strange to me as a single living being!"

He did not hear this, he was following his own line of thought. Presently, as if waking from a dream, he said:

"Can it be possible that we are strangers?"

"We are, yet it seems as if I had known you always. It must be the unusual manner of our meeting."

"I could not feel more companionable if I had known you from childhood."

"I wonder," she said, "should the fog lift would we be as we would have been had we met under the blue sky, the ocean, the dunes and the sunlit abodes of man about us."

"We would have passed each other like two leaves sailing in the wind, doubtless never to be so near again."

At that moment the fog vanished from about them. The sun shone, the blue sky arched above them, the waves reflecting its hue. White combed waves were chasing one another on the glittering sand surface, while gulls were sailing aloft.

Worthington turned from briefly taking in the scene toward the girl, smiled and raised his hat.

"We are again in the world," he said, "but we have got the start of the world. Having met out of the world, we have been divested of its conventionalities. While thus shut off by ourselves, untrammeled by its customs and its influences, we have become companions. For my part I shall never relinquish what I have gained."

Her eyes dropped to the sands when he said this, and she made no reply.

"How did you happen to be walking on the beach in the fog?" he asked.

"It was dull at the hotel. I could not stand the chatter of the rocking chair brigade."

"And the gossip. I admit a fog is pleasanter. One enjoys better the sound of the waves. You are at the Ocean House?"

"I am."

"I am at the Sea Gull. I cannot so suddenly get back to the world's customs as to ask permission to call upon you. It would seem like asking it of one whose playmate I had been."

"Don't. You will find me at home whenever you call in the morning before the bathing hour or in the late afternoon or in the evening."

"This evening?"

"Yes. Come early."

"And stay late?"

"As long as you like."

"I promise not to keep you up after 10."

But he stayed till midnight.

Try an Ad in the classified column of The Tribune.

While They Last

STRAW HATS $1.15

Values up to $3.50

Hundreds of brand new styles in all shapes and kinds—You may have your unrestricted choice at the above price. Come in tomorrow, and see them—We can please you.

Freshen up in a new one

--Our--

AUGUST CLEARANCE

A great bargain opportunity

Come to this great dependable Men's and Boy's Store and spend a few minutes in inspecting the bargains which are offered at this time. It will be a revelation to you---you'll be surprised at the tremendous savings. It is not an exaggeration when we state that we are selling brand new, dependable goods at---

Less than to-day's Whole-sale Cost

The reductions apply in every department—Clothing, Hats, and Furnishings, at lower prices than will be obtainable for years to come.

IMMENSE STOCKS, BIG VALUES

"COME WITH THE CROWDS TO THE BUSY STORE"

THE BUCKEYE

"EVENTUALLY YOUR CLOTHIERS"

HAS NERVE REMOVED

Mrs. Charles W[illegible] is recovering from an operation [illegible] F. M. Mays [illegible] performed the operation.

LICENSED TO MARRY

W[illegible] 22, [illegible] Plainfield, [illegible] Simmons, 21, Plainfield, daughter of J. A. Simmons. Rev. D. C. Poy.

Try an Ad in the classified column of The Tribune.

HAS PTOMAINE POISON.

Mrs. J. P. Tatchell of Pittsburg, who came to Coshocton Saturday for the purpose of installing an electric [illegible] machine in Dr. Wright's office, was taken seriously ill with ptomaine poison soon after arriving here. Food she ate enroute to Coshocton caused the illness. She returned to her home in Pittsburg Saturday afternoon.

BELVEDERES WILL CAMP

Charles Hill, Charles Graham, Gar[illegible] Wilcoxon, Charles Wagoner, T. V. White, Carl Eshman and Lester Rine[illegible], members of the Belvedere club, will camp for two weeks near [illegible].

Try a Tribune Want Ad.

L-A-D-I-E-S
Important Notice

Owing to the fact that all good Musical Shows are closed until Fall season, THE MYSTIC will run no more Tabloids until cooler weather, when the best shows on the road will again be shown at THE MYSTIC only.

Beginning Monday we present the best in pictures, Paramount, Triangle and other features, with Keystone Comedies.

Monday-Tuesday

CLEO RIDGLEY & WALLACE REID

In

"THE SELFISH WOMAN"

Wednesday-Thursday

A real surprise for you in Comedy—Don't miss this.

Friday-Saturday

DUSTIN FARNUM

In one of his greatest.

"DAVY CROCKET"

Come To

The Mystic

Of Course

All Seats 5 and 10 cents

NATIONAL BREAD ECONOMY

WHAT IS MAN'S BEST FOOD?

By Harry Everett Barnard, Ph.D.

State Food and Drug Commissioner of Indiana, member of Indiana State Council of Defense, author and lecturer on food subjects.

Farmers feed their stock by rule and know to a fraction of a cent how much it costs them to produce a quart of milk or a pound of beef or pork. It is not possible to estimate in the same way the cost of feeding the human family, for the value of the product is determined by the ability of the consumer to do work instead of in increased weight.

We have learned by many careful experiments just how much food it takes to keep the average man or woman in health and efficiency. And we know by analysis the value of our different foods in doing this important work. The table below lists the purchasing power of 10 cents spent for staple commodities. It also shows the amount of protein, fat and carbohydrates that each 10-cent portion of food furnishes, as well as its energy or calorie value.

Ten cents will buy:

H. E. Barnard.

	Price per lb.	Protein lbs.	Fat lbs.	Carbohydrates lbs.	Calories
Beefsteak (round)	28	.073	.036	....	293
Mutton chops (loin)	32	.039	.092	....	445
Ham	36	.046	.108	....	545
Eggs, per doz., 36c	24	.062	.044	....	260
Eggs, per doz., 60c	40	.025	.0175	....	158
Milk, quart, 10c	05	.072	.08	.094	660
Potatoes, bu., $1.20	02	.105	....	.895	1875
Potatoes, bu., $2.40	04	.052	....	.447	937
Potatoes, bu., $3.60	06	.035	....	.297	622
Wheat bread	08	.110	.021	.703	1600
Wheat bread	06	.146	.028	.937	2100
Wheat flour	06	.183	.018	1.180	2750

This table is full of surprises. The first is the great difference in food value of staple foods. We see at a glance that potatoes at 90 cents a peck (until this year an unheard-of price) are much cheaper than eggs at 36 cents a dozen.

The value of meats is also shown.

Beef, even at the lowest price, costs most. This is due to the fact that it is less fat. But what it lacks in fat it gains in protein content.

The most striking thing in the table is the great value of bread. Ten cents spent for bread, even at its present high price, will buy 1,500 calories of energy; nearly five times as much as can be bought as steak, and six times as much as when spent for eggs.

Bread today is cheaper than potatoes at normal prices. Indeed, it is our cheapest staple food. But better than that, it is the best balanced food we can buy at any price. With the exception of milk, it is the only food listed that contains protein, fat and carbohydrates in well-balanced proportions.

Whether wheat is cheap or dear, bread at almost any price is cheap food when compared with meat. There is no denying the fact that the well-fed man is a lover of good bread.

The stale bread delusion has cost the consumer as well as the baker, a great deal of money. It is foolish besides. When bread is first baked, it contains nearly 30 per cent of moisture. After a time some of this water escapes. The bread dries out, or as the baker says, "goes stale." As a matter of fact, the bread isn't stale, it is just as wholesome, just as sweet, just as satisfactory as the moment when it left the oven and every loaf that is returned to the bakery to be fed to horses by that much increases the cost of bread.

Bread three days old, when properly kept, is just as good as when a day old. Why shouldn't it be? Bread baked in the home is always used up before the next baking. It does not dry out because it is wrapped and placed in a bread box, where its moisture content is conserved. The average housewife doesn't like to cut her homemade loaf until it is a day old, for its texture is then firm, instead of spongy.

Because bread is such a wonderful food, it is the first thing to which the government turned in the accounting of our supplies necessary because of the present war. For two years the world has produced less wheat than it has eaten, and this is why far-seeing men at the head of the government are urging the most careful economy in the use of bread stuffs, so that we may have the maximum quantity to send across to those who are doing the fighting in the great war.

Today there can be neither excuse nor tolerance for the waste of a crumb of bread. Housewives must look to their larder. Bread that is eaten is put to its best use, but bread that is wasted in times like the present becomes party to a crime. In cooking, the use of toast for a garnish or decoration, unless it is eaten, should be discouraged. Cutting more bread than the family will consume at a meal, is wasteful. Crusts and crumbs must be carefully saved and utilized in other dishes. Only by such practices instituted at once can the United States hope to escape the necessity of dark, coarse breads, that are being eaten in Europe and generally known as "war bread."

Copyright 1917 by T. T. Frankenberg.

SHELF-EMPTYING SALE

SAVES 40% to 50%

YOU WILL FIND THIS SALE JUST THE OPPORTUNITY YOU ARE LOOKING FOR TO GET NEW UP-TO DATE SUMMER WEARABLES AT A PRICE THAT SAVES YOU CONSIDERABLE MONEY. IT IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS SALE AS IT MEANS MONEY IN YOUR POCKETS.

WONDERFUL SALE!

Summer Skirts at 98c, $1.98, $2.98

You know Golden's Skirts. This Summer our models have carried by storm the hearts of womankind. There is a dash and a spirit to them—a zest and "go" that make others seem "flat," tame, ordinary. We are selling our best Skirts now at . $1.98 AND $2.98

New Silk SKIRTS $3.98 and $5

They are marvels of loveliness, these brilliant New Silk Skirts. Plain and striped taffetas and satins, figured silk poplins, sport satins, etc. Sizes and styles to fit, everybody at .... $3.98 AND $5.00

All Wash Dresses at $1.98, $2.98 and $3.98

ONE LOT of SPORT DRESSES, former price up to $10 all at $3.98

Children's Wear Reduced

GOLDEN'S "The Womens Store"

New Waists at Low Prices

SOCIETY

At Johnson Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Grover Johnson will entertain the following guests at their home on Locust street today: Mr. and Mrs Guy Sensibaugh and E. P. Johnson, of Dresden, and Mr. and Mrs. Jay Bainter.

To the Caves.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Shipps, Miss Lucile Moore and Edgar Wolford will motor to the Caves, near Howard, in Knox county, today and spend the day.

To Uniontown.

Harry Brunskill, of East Chestnut street, will go to Uniontown, Pa., Monday for a week's visit with Lieutenant Dewey Thornsley, of the Salvation Army.

Automobile Trip

T. L. Montgomery and son, John, of North Fourth street, and Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Montgomery, of Philadelphia Pa., who have been visiting here, motored to Newark Friday and were entertained at the home of Mrs. Ernest Johnson. In the evening, they were the honored guests at a reception in Granville.

Mr. Montgomery and Master John will return to this city today, and Dr. and Mrs. Montgomery will enjoy a trip along the Hudson before returning to Philadelphia.

From Camp Karb.

Ross Thompson, of Warsaw, Fred Vensil and Ralph Holmes, of this city, came to Coshocton Saturday afternoon from Camp Karb, Columbus, to spend the week-end with relatives.

To Buckeye Lake.

Miss Alice Temple, of Vine street, has gone to Buckeye Lake, where she will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ray Prior, of Newark.

Guest From Missouri.

Mrs. D. K. Walker, of Butler, Mo., who has been visiting at Niagara Falls, spent Friday in Coshocton as the guest of her sister-in-law, Mrs. W. F. Smith, of South Third street. From this city Mrs. Walker went to Columbus for a short stay with relatives, before returning to her home in Missouri.

Motor to Zanesville.

Mr and Mrs. Alfred Fulwider, of Evansville, Ind., who are visiting relatives here Andrew Griley and Russell and Richard Griley, of this city, will motor to Zanesville this morning to spend the days with friends.

Theater Party.

Members of the S. F. club entertained with a theater party Friday evening, complimenting Miss Irene Melba Stewart, of Lore City, who is the guest of Miss Mary Longstreth, of Walnut Street. These were present: Misses Irene Melba Stewart, Mary Longstreth, Mary Sullivan, Anna Haverick, Rose Hartman, Marie Kiefer, Winifred Lorenz and Leona Zugschwert.

Engagement Announced.

Miss Nora Wells, daughter of C. E. Wells, of East Chestnut street, has announced her engagement to William Goovers, of Akron, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Goovers, of this city. The marriage will take place at Miss Wells' home August 11. They will make their home at Akron where Mr. Goover is employed at the Firestone Rubber company.

Miss Wells is an attractive young woman and has many friends in this city who will hasten to extend congratulation on learning of her approaching marriage. She has been employed at the Pope-Gosser China Co. for a number of years.

From Cuyahoga Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bordenkircher and son, Bernard, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bordenkircher and daughter, Margaret, motored to Coshocton Saturday from their homes in Cuyahoga Falls to be entertained at the home of Mrs. Eva Bordenkircher on South Sixth street.

Edward and Harry Bordenkircher, George and Sylvester Bordenkircher, of South Lawn avenue, and their house guest, Harry Klein, of Pittsburg, are spending Sunday at Sunnybrook farm, the home of Ambrose Scherrer near Plainfield.

At Speck Home.

Mrs. F. B. Myers and son Willis, Fred Torgler and sons, Edward and John, and daughter, Sarah, of New Philadelphia, motored to this city Saturday and spent the day.

The entire party was entertained at dinner by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Speck at their home on Walnut street. Mr and Mrs. G. J. McKee and son Gilbert, and Mrs Mary Wagoner were also dinner guests at the Speck home.

District Meeting.

District 8 of Grace M. E. church will meet Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Kingwalt on Chestnut street.

Visiting Here.

Miss Doris Crowthers, of Columbus, came to this city last evening for a visit with friends.

Districts 3 and 4 to Meet.

District 3 of Grace M. E. church will meet Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Homer Kinney on Elm street. Mrs. Edwin Miller is the assisting hostess. A good attendance is desired.

District 4 of Grace church will meet Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. I. M. Parkholow on South Seventh street. Mrs. Lou Miller, Mrs. Rufus Wolfe and Mrs. Thomas will assist the hostess.

Return From Athens.

Miss Florence Clark and Miss Naomi Wright, of Warsaw, have returned to their homes after spending the last few weeks at the Ohio university normal school.

Return From School.

Misses Waive and Ruth Ripple have returned to their home in West Lafayette from Athens, where they have been attending normal school.

Goes To Michigan

Mrs. E. M. Temple, of Vine street, will leave Coshocton Thursday for Pointe aux Pines, Mich., for an extended stay.

Visiting Huber Family.

Mr and Mrs. Edward Huber, of Columbus, arrived in Coshocton Saturday afternoon to spend the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Huber, and family, of South Lawn avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Huber also have as their guests Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Daum and daughter, Martha, of Milford Center, and Miss May Huber, of Marysville, who motored to Coshocton for the week end.

Returns From Visit.

Miss Arline Wangen, of Orange street, who has spent the past six weeks visiting in Chicago, Ill., and Holland, Mich., returned to Coshocton Saturday evening. While in Chicago Miss Wangen was the guest of her grandparents, Mr and Mrs H. Olsen.

District Meetings.

District 5, of Grace M. E. church, will meet Monday evening with Miss Anna Williams, at her home on Chestnut street.

A picnic will be held on the lawn of Grace M. E. church Monday at five p. m. by the members of District 6, Grace M. E. church.

Mrs. J. B. Ogle, 1527 E. Main street will be hostess at a meeting of District 2, Grace M. E. church, Tuesday evening.

Take Lake Trip.

Miss Kate McClure and her nephew, Robert McClure Temple, of Main St., will start Friday on a lake trip, stopping at Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Cleveland and Chicago, before returning to Coshocton.

Visits In New Jersey.

Mrs. Jane Denzer, of S. Ninth street will go to Passaic, N. J., Monday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Ernest F. Higgin and family. Mrs Denzer, accompanied by Mrs. and Mr. Higgin, will come to Cleveland, from Passaic, where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs Harold Bechtol (Lillian Higgin).

Westerville Guests.

J. H. Larimore, former editor of The American Issue, and mayor of Westerville, and family, were the week end guests of Mr and E D Needham, of West Lafayette.

The Park Hotel has had installed six gyrofans, making the restaurant the "coolest place in town." A la carte service 6 to 8 Sundays, 5 to 10 week days.

Missionary Picnic.

A joint picnic on the lawn of Grace M. E. parsonage will be held Monday evening by members of the Senior and Junior Queen Esther societies, of the local M. E. church, and members of the Roscoe Queen Esther society. The following program will follow a picnic supper:

Opening Hymn—"A Little Bit of Love."

Scripture—Mrs. E. C. Carr.

Prayer.

Reading, "The Women Who Did It." "The Woman Who Was Going to Join," Hazel Gaumer.

Reading, "The Girl Who Was Too Young," Altha Cox.

Reading, "The Woman Whose Feelings Were Hurt," Helen Temple.

Vocal Solo, Helen LeRetilley.

Reading, "A Barrel of Blessing," Edna Farquhar.

Piano Solo, Electa Green.

Reading, "Katy Did and Katy Didn't," Roscoe society.

Closing Hymn, America.

To Silver Lake.

Miss Fern Darne , of South Seventh street, and Miss Kathryn Kuntz, of North Fourth street, leave Coshocton Sunday for Silver Lake, where they will spend two weeks.

Will Motor East.

Dr. and Mrs. F. M. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Glen Marshall, Miss Zulu Marshall and Reed Marshall, of Main street, will start next Saturday on a two week's automobile trip to Buffalo, New York, Atlantic City and other eastern points.

To Cleveland.

Mr. P. C. Shipps, of Pleasant Valley, will go to Cleveland today for a visit with relative.

Miller Reunion.

The seventh annual reunion of the Miller family will be held at Fairlawn park Wednesday, August 15.

Dickens' Forensic Masterpiece.

Dickens' lawyers are legion, but none of them has a stronger hold on the memory of his readers than Sergeant Buzfuz, whose peroration in Bardell vs. Pickwick ranks as a forensic masterpiece: "But Pickwick, gentlemen, Pickwick, the ruthless destroyer of this domestic oasis in the desert of Goswell street—Pickwick who has choked up the well and thrown ashes on the sward—Pickwick who comes before you today with his heartless tomato sauce and warming pans—Pickwick still rears his head with unblushing effrontery and gazes without a sigh on the ruin he has made. Damages, gentlemen, heavy damages, is the only punishment with which you can visit him—the only recompense you can award to my client. And for those damages she now appeals to an enlightened, a high-minded, a right-feeling, a conscientious, a dispassionate, a sympathizing, a contemplative jury of her civilized countrymen."

Try a Tribune Want Ad.

ASCRIBE VALUE TO SMILE

Physicians Advise Patients to Practice Good Humor as a Preservative of Health.

There is an interesting theory in psychology known as the James-Lange theory, after the psychologists, William James and C. G. Lange.

This theory relates to the emotions, and insists that, contrary to the popular belief, the muscular and other physical changes which accompany the different emotions are actually the causes rather than the effects of these varying mental states.

That is, according to the James-Lange theory, instead of saying that we weep because we grieve, we ought to say that we grieve because we weep. Similarly, we do not strike because we are angry, we are angry because we strike. And we do not run because we are frightened, but we are frightened because we run.

While few psychologists accept this doctrine, all are agreed that there is a certain amount of truth in it, and that it is entirely possible to produce in oneself any specific emotion by voluntarily assuming the characteristic physical expression of that emotion.

If any emotion can be produced by deliberately adopting its distinctive physical expression, it manifestly is profitable to endeavor to produce in this way the various emotions and moods—joy, happiness, contentment—which are known to exert a favorable influence over the whole organism.

Consequently it is not surprising to find that many physicians who are aware of this striking psycho-physiological fact are advising their patients to practice smiling as an aid to the preservation of health.

Smile even when you don't feel like doing so. Soon you will find the sentiments of joy, strength and courage dominant in your heart.—H. Addington Bruce in Kansas City Star.

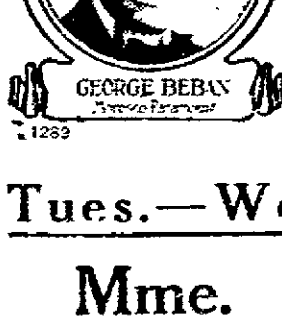
Father Love.

The love between fathers and sons has never been given the conspicuous place that is given to boys and their mothers. Is that because it is more elusive than mother love?—for it is hardly less profound or beautiful. Seldom do hints of this beauty come to the surface in writing. But here is a single sentence from a letter written by Oliver Wendell Holmes, on his eightieth birthday, at the homecoming of his boy—this honor, Judge Holmes of the supreme court of Massachusetts, just arrived from Europe: "I look up to him as my magistrate, and he knows me as his father, but my arms are around his neck and his mustache is sweeping my cheek—I feel young again at fourscore."—Collier's Weekly.

Try an Ad in the classified column of The Tribune.

Enjoy your morning spin, return to The Park Hotel to partake of your Sunday dinner in cool comfort, then repair to the canopied balcony for your after dinner chat.

CINDERELLA



Monday--Paramount

GEO. BEBAN

in "The Marcellini Millions"

A feature you should see

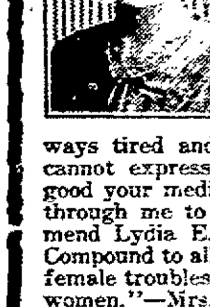
Tues.—Wed.—Metro

Mme. Petrova

in "THE SOUL of a MAGDALENE"

DANISH WOMAN REGAINS HEALTH

Tells Everybody What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Her.



Chicago, Ill.—"It gives me great pleasure to let others know that I improved in health with the first bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; after taking two bottles I am entirely well. Before taking it I could not do any kind of work without a pain in my back as I suffered so much from inflammation. I had headaches, was always tired and no appetite. Words cannot express my gratitude for the good your medicine has done me, and through me to my family. I recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women suffering from female troubles, particularly to Danish women."—Mrs. META DAMGAARD-MATZAN, 2137 Kimball Ave., Chicago, Ill.

It is positively true that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration.

PERSHING

The Romance of a Barefoot Boy who Rose to Be the Leader of America's Army in France in the Great World War

BY CHARLES N. LURIE.

CHAPTER I.

Little Johnny Sees the Soldiers.

LITTLE Johnny Pershing peered around the end of the work train

"Dad," he called, his shrill child's voice sounding above the "thud, thud, thud!" of the picks wielded by the construction gang, "oh, dad, kin I stay from school today? Company H is goin' to have a drill, and I want to see them."

John Pershing, construction foreman, wiped the perspiration from his brow and climbed down from the embankment where the new side track was being laid. He approached the boy, laid his hand on his shoulder and asked, "What does mother say?"

"She told me to run over and ask you."

"Well, if mother don't say no, go ahead."

With a whoop of delight and evidently anticipating his mother's consent, little Johnny ran for home as fast as his little bare brown feet would carry him. His mother stood in the doorway of the neat little white cottage. She smiled, knowing that father had followed the usual plan of "leaving it to mother."

"Father says I kin stay if you don't care, mother. Please let me see the soldiers drill!"

"Well, I guess one afternoon from school won't make much difference, and you do love to watch the soldiers, don't you, Johnny?"

"I sure do, mother."

"Well, get your face and hands washed and come in to lunch."

After lunch Johnny hied to the village square of the little town of Laclede, Mo., and took up his point of vantage on the band stand, where he could see all operations.

The drill over, Captain Johnson, attracted by the keen interest with which the barefooted little urchin had followed every movement, said, "Well, sonny, what do you think of my soldiers?"

"They're pretty good drillers, captain, but they don't step out smart enough."

"By Jove! Right you are, boy! That's just what I was a-tellin' them. Are you going to be a soldier when you grow up?"

"That's what I want to be, but dad says he has other plans."

"Maybe he'll change his mind when you get big, sonny. Plans don't allus work out as expected."

But even little Johnny Pershing's plans, way back there in Missouri in the sixties, were not formed with posi-

LITTLE JOHNNY SEES THE SOLDIERS DRILL.

tiveness, as is the case with the plans of so many youngsters. True, he wanted to be a soldier. What live lad in the years just after the civil war did not have his [illegible] fired by the stories of fighting in the great struggle? In his dreams he saw himself leading desperate charges against the enemy? But he also had dreams of being a lawyer and [illegible] like Daniel Webster or Henry Clay, with one hand thrust into [illegible] moving judges and juries [illegible]. He and his mother and father just knew, of course, [illegible] would make a fine lawyer [illegible] always stood [illegible] school.

"Mother," said [illegible] Pershing one day, "I [illegible] old to work [illegible] Old Brewster [illegible] really has stopped to chat with me. He wants me to buy out his general store and thinks I could make it pay. What do you say?"

After much planning between Mr Pershing and his wife and weighing of possibilities the step was decided upon and Johnny Pershing's father became a merchant. Johnny's part in the matter was that of active partner—very active, indeed, for to him fell the work of assisting in the store after school and running on such errands as were not beyond his strength.

"Johnny's a good boy and helpful to father and me," said Mrs. Pershing, "but sometimes it is a little hard to get him away from his books. Seems like he wants to spend most of his time studying. But I reckon he'll grow up well, for he can run and jump as well as any of the lads hereabout. Fights sometimes, too. Why, 'twas only last week that he pitched into that Simmons boy for making fun of father. You know, father kept the Union flag flying here when some of our neighbors favored the south, and it seems Mr. Simmons spoke about it and Bob Simmons laughed at Johnny on account of it. But Johnny says Bob won't laugh any more. They do say Johnny made him holler 'quit' in just a few minutes. I reckon I don't want Johnny to fight, but if he must fight he might as well do it defending his own father."

CHAPTER II.

"Soldier, Lawyer or Schoolteacher?"

SO, studying and working—and fighting sometimes—until he was "little Johnny" no more. Johnny Pershing grew and grew until he outgrew the little village school in Laclede. The little store paid well enough to warrant the expenditure of money on John's education, and a family conference resulted in the sending of him to the normal school at Kirksville, one of the noted schools in that part of Missouri. Throughout the years which he spent there—years of happiness, with plenty of hard work at his books and plenty of outdoor recreation—the idea of becoming a lawyer persisted in the lad's mind. Many a time he spoke of it to boyhood friends, and it seemed that he would surely become an attorney after passing through the stage through which so many of our American country bred lawyers have passed, that of schoolteacher.

"Mother," said he one day on one of his visits home from Kirksville, "I've been appointed teacher at Prairie Mound. I feel as though I ought to do something now to help dad and you. So I'm going to teach school and try to earn enough so that I can study law. I did want to be a soldier, but I don't believe there'll ever be another big war, and I don't want to be a soldier all my life unless I can see active service."

Soldier or not, John was to see a lively bit of fighting before he had been a schoolmaster very long.

"Billy," said he one day to one of his bigger pupils, "did you study your spelling lesson?" "No, and I ain't a-goin' to," was the sullen reply of the big boy. The entire class looked up with sudden, keen interest. Billy had "allowed" before them all at recess that day that he was tired of "Johnny Pershing's bullyin'" and he was "goin' to show him that a teacher isn't the whole school anyway."

"Why not?" asked the teacher quietly.

"'Cause I didn't feel like it," was Billy's impudent reply.

"You'll stay after school and study it!" The words of judgment came with a snap from John Pershing's square jaws.

"Won't, neither!" said Billy. And in a moment, as the teacher reached for his collar (this was long before the days of "moral suasion"), there was a lively mixup in the country school, but, of course, the teacher won, and the thoroughly thrashed and cowed Billy stayed in.

Next day the school had a visitor. He was Billy's father, and every hair in his red side whiskers bristled with anger as he drove up to the school. From his mouth came a stream of [illegible] at [illegible] Pershing. He'd [illegible] him whether he could [illegible]. In his hand was a [illegible]. It looked pretty [illegible] for Johnny Pershing. The young fellow did not scare. In a quiet, even [illegible] he said to the angry farmer:

[illegible]

"[illegible]," said Mr. Pershing to his [illegible] the day [illegible] West Point. You've always had a sort of idea that you wanted to be a soldier. Why don't you try for the appointment?"

"I'll do it, father," said John. "I am sure I can pass the examinations if Mr. Burroughs will give me permission to try. I'll go and see him today."

So "Towhead" Johnny Pershing went to call on Congressman Burroughs and obtained his permission to enter the examination for the great, wonderful Military academy at West Point which had turned out so many famous soldiers. It was a narrow squeak for John, since he won the appointment by only one point. A difference almost too small to be measured would have sent another man to "the Point," and John would in all likelihood have become a city lawyer instead of a general.

CHAPTER III.

An Officer in the Army.

WHETHER a man remains in the army long enough to win his general's stars or whether he leaves the service before he even finishes the course at the Military academy, he never forgets the day that sees him enrolled at "the Point." It is one of the "days of days" in his life. It is all so new and strange and there are so many rules to be observed and customs to be learned and things to be seen that it is like beginning a new life. Many a country lad enters the academy raw, green and untrained, and if he has the pluck and stamina, mental and physical, to finish the course he emerges a finished product—"an officer and a gentleman"—fit to command men.

So it was with John Pershing. But he did more than finish the course; he went through it with honor. He was graduated as senior cadet captain, which means that in military affairs he ranked above all his classmates. Others topped him in some of the studies which make up the curriculum at the United States Military academy, but it was his voice that rang out the commands for his classmates on

HE BECOMES ONE OF WEST POINT'S MOST DARING HORSEMEN.

the widespread and beautiful parade ground on the proud day when the cadets were reviewed by the secretary of war. This was in June, 1886, and John became Lieutenant Pershing, United States army. He was then twenty-six years old.

He had been home to visit the "folks" during his furlough after he had been at the academy two years. His friends turned out to greet him, of course, and the rest of the town flocked to see him arrive. It isn't every day that a man from West Point arrives at a little place in Missouri, and every one wanted to see as soon as possible what two years of Uncle Sam's training had done for Johnny Pershing. They were not disappointed. He had left Laclede a tall, wiry, young fellow, without any especial distinction; he returned a well set up, strong chap, showing in his bearing the results of the rigid training of the gymnasium and fields. He had already the assured bearing of a military man. He had become a wonderful equestrian, riding anything that the academy held in the line of horseflesh. He was always first to get away when the bugles rang out the notes of the "Charge!"

Of course John's first day home was given to his folks. No one else could take the first happy hours of the young man on furlough. But the second day found him wandering in the fields and woods with his boyhood chum, Charley Spurgeon.

There was so much to tell about the life at the academy! "Tell me," said Charley, "what do you think about life in the army?"

"I don't think I'll stick to it," said John, "although I'll try to finish the course at the academy. I think I'll have to go back to my original idea of studying law. This country is at peace now, and it's going to stay at peace. There won't be a gun fired in the next hundred years. The army is no place for me in peace time. I'd start in as a second lieutenant and I'd get to be a first lieutenant only when the first lieutenant died, and so on through all the grades. I'm older now than most of the men at the academy, and perhaps I'd be no higher than a colonel when the time came for me to retire. I believe the world is going to be too peaceful in the future to make the army look very promising to me as a career."

But Lieutenant Pershing found plenty of work to do as a soldier and that, too, soon after his graduation. The Apaches and other wild western tribes were often on the rampage, and the soldier ordered to the western plains and mountains and mesas had his work cut out for him. Pershing in the cavalry, the branch of the service most often used against the redskins, got his share of the hard work. It did not always mean fighting, however. Often there were palavers with the chiefs and matters could be settled without bloodshed.

Even in those early days Pershing showed the quick thought that distinguished him in fields far removed from the western states. Army men tell with delight how one day Pershing was sent by his commanding officer to attend a council of Navaho braves. It was a holiday, and the redskins were amusing themselves with games and athletic contests.

One of the braves spied the tall, athletic figure of Lieutenant Pershing.

He walked up to the soldier.

"Huh!" he said, following it with a long string of Indian gutturals.

"He says he wants to wrestle with the big white man," said the interpreter.

"Tell him," said Pershing, "nothing doing. He's too dirty."

"All right," was the Indian's retort. "If I'm too dirty to wrestle with I'll run him a foot race. All he'll have to do is keep ahead of me."

"Race him, Jack," said Lieutenant Grayson. "It's up to you to uphold the honor of the white race."

"Can't be done. You know my ankle is still weak from that sprain."

"They won't believe it. You can beat the big buck anyway."

So the race was run and was nearly lost by Pershing. About ten feet from the finish line his ankle gave way and he rolled over in a heap. But his presence of mind remained upright, and with a mighty effort he gathered himself up into a ball, turned a somersault and landed across the line a winner.

CHAPTER IV.

Fighting and Studying.

SO the years go for Pershing in the west. There is some fighting, much marching and drilling, with official commendation for duty well performed. But promotion lags. The call of Blackstone and Kent still tries to lure him from the profession of arms, but it is not until 1893, when he has just completed a year's term as military instructor at the University of Nebraska, that he wins his degree of bachelor of laws. He has put in all his spare time in the study of the law. He will make a good lawyer, for his keen mind is used to reasoning out closely the problems that confront him. But he has spent eleven years in the army, including the four years at the Military academy, and it is hard to break away from long associations. He will remain in the service for awhile at least, he thinks. His men think well of him, especially the colored troopers of the Tenth cavalry, in command of whom he has acquired the sobriquet of "Black Jack." He has also served as an instructor at the military academy.

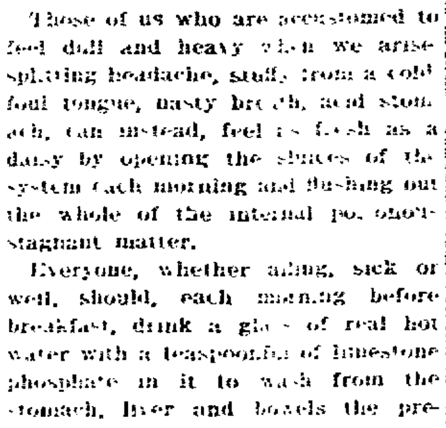
In the meantime his belief that the United States will never become involved in another war is in a fair way to be disproved. For a century or more the black cloud of revolt has hung over Cuba and the Philippines and the severity of the Spanish government in the "Pearl of the Antilles" has evoked protests from the United States. Then come the destruction of the Maine, the fevered debates in congress, the declaration of war, and every regular army officer is [illegible] to get into the scrap in Cuba. Of course "Black Jack" Pershing was one.

It is on the day of El Caney, one of the hottest fights of the short war, that the colonel of the Tenth cavalry turns to his orderly. "Who commands those troopers there on the right?" he asks.

"That's Pershing, sir."

"By Jove, I thought so! He's the man! See him go up that hill! I've been through the civil war and I've seen men under fire many a time, but, on my word, he's the bravest and coolest man under fire I ever saw in my life! Washington shall hear of this, sir!"

And Washington did hear of it, to such good effect that Lieutenant Pershing, now major of volunteers, went to the Philippines when that bunch of unruly islands needed cleaning up. In the meantime he had shown his fine administrative abilities as organizer and first chief of the bureau on insular affairs. It was hard work, almost like setting up a new department of the



HE FIGHTS AND DEFEATS THE SAVAGE MOROS.

government, and many a time Pershing could be seen nights in Washington stretching his walks for miles and miles toward the outskirts of the city while he wrestled with the problems that confronted him. But he "made good," as he had done in everything he undertook since his boyhood days.

* * * * * * *

"I have heard of these new white men who have come to our lands to take the place of the Spaniards," said Datto Bangbang of the Moros to his most intimate friend. "They are better fighters than the Spaniards, it is said. But they cannot prevail against us. Are not our krisses and barongs sharp enough to cut them up? Have we not the great prophet with us, who promises us everlasting bliss hereafter if we die killing the dogs of unbelievers? Let them come!"

"I have heard of these Moros," said "Black Jack" Pershing. "They're tough customers. But they've got to obey the laws and stop their fighting now that our Uncle Sam is their new 'overlord.' I think we can clean them up, eh, Bill?" And Lieutenant Brewster, his friend, nodded and said, "You bet!"

The days were very full now for Pershing and Brewster and their men and all the other Americans who were trying to instill lawabiding ways into the fierce Moros. It was a hard task. Some said that it was impossible. They had to fight not only against the savage Moros, but against a treacherous climate, ill suited to the white man, even though he is able to take all possible care of himself. But when the white man has to do his fighting, now in swamp and jungle, now on the sides of steep mountains, now in the hot tropical sunshine and now in the cool of the evening and the deep tropical midnight against a brave, wily, fanatical enemy it is not to be wondered at that the fight dragged on for years. Even men like Pershing, backed by soldiers brave as any the world ever produced, could not be expected to complete the job in a short time.

The smoking room of the Army and Navy club in Washington was well filled when the news came that "Pershing had done it again." "What do you think of 'Black Jack' Pershing?" asked one member of another. "Jefferson's been up at the secretary's today, and the old man told him that Pershing's not only cleaned up the Moros, but has got the blooming heathen to elect him one of their chiefs. What d'ye call these chiefs? Say, Brown, you've been up against the Moros. What do they call those chiefs of theirs? Oh, yes; dattos. Much obliged. We've got a datto among us now, boys. Pershing's a datto. Datto Pershing sounds well, doesn't it?"

And at that minute in the far away Philippines Captain Pershing—he had his two bars on his shoulders now—was walking through a Moro village with brown skinned Moro maidens strewing flowers in his pathway. Was he thinking of the flowers and the homage that was being paid to him? Not a bit of it. He was rehearsing in his mind the passage from the Koran which he was going to spring on Datto Bangbang to heighten still further that dusky chieftain's respect for him!

Wily Pershing! He has had the wit to see that these people can be pacified as well by getting inside their minds as by shooting civilization into them. He has done his share of shooting, with extraordinary courage that is to bear extraordinary fruit in Washington. Twice he went after the Moros—in 1901-3 and in 1911-13.

CHAPTER V.

Making a Record Jump—Romance and Tragedy.

THE news of Pershing's promotion to brigadier general thrilled Washington and sent a wave of astonishment through the nation. From captain to brigadier general! Over the heads of [illegible] senior officers jumps the man who was once undecided whether he should become a lawyer or a soldier. Unprecedented jump and one not to be repeated, in all likelihood, in the history of the American army. But the former soldier in the White House has followed with admiration and perhaps just a bit of envy the wonderful work of the soldier in the Philippines.

"I've just got to promote that man. Taft says the law won't let me make him a major or a colonel. What shall I do with him? By Godfrey, I've got it, I've got it! Hello, hello, give me Secretary Taft at once. Mr. Taft, does the law permit the president of the United States to make a general officer of any officer in the United States army? It is your opinion that it does. Good! Have your man make out a commission for Brigadier General John J. Pershing as soon as you can, send it over to me, and I'll sign it at once. Goodby."

* * * * * * *

"Miss Warren," said Major Lampson at a reception at the home of Senator Warren of Wyoming, "will you permit me to present my friend Captain Pershing?"

"I am delighted to meet Captain Pershing," said Miss Frances Warren. "I have heard of his work in Cuba and the Philippines and have desired to congratulate him."

This was the beginning of the romance in the life of General Pershing, a romance that was destined to end in deepest tragedy. Miss Warren was young, beautiful and a belle in Washington society. Her father, senator from Wyoming, was one of the leaders in the national upper house. She had heard the work of Captain Pershing lauded by the senators when President Roosevelt made the captain's record part of an annual message to congress. So, like Desdemona, she "loved him for the dangers he had passed."

They were married on Jan. 26, 1905. Three daughters and a son were born to them, and then came the end in August, 1915. In a fire at the Presidio, San Francisco, Mrs. Pershing and the three little girls were suffocated. The son, Warren, was rescued. General Pershing was then stationed at El Paso. After a few days of bitter grief he returned to his work in the army, more silent than before, with his face deeply graved with lines of sorrow. Only the boy and his army career remained for him.

Again a crisis faces the United States in relation to Mexican affairs. There have been many serious situations in the past three years, but none quite as bad as this. Villa has broken loose, has raided Columbus, N. M., and has spilled American blood shed in defense of the little border town. He has swept through Chihuahua, struck his blow and got away in the night. All America is aflame with the cry for vengeance. "Get him alive or dead!" rings the cry from one ocean to another. Washington turns to Funston, in command of the southern department

"Send your best brigadier. Let him take whatever force you think needed. Get him over the border as soon as you can. We've got to get Villa!"

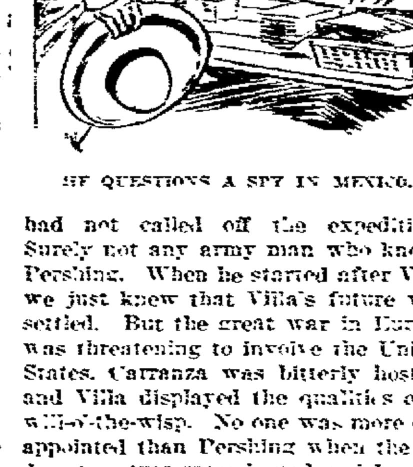
"Orderly," says Major General Funston, "tell General Pershing I desire to see him at once!"

In a few minutes the little red headed man from Kansas and the tall, gray haired, sun browned soldier from the neighboring state of Missouri are in deep conference. The sentry has orders to admit no one. There is work to be done across the border, and Funston, obeying directions from Washington, has hit at once upon the man to do it. It is Brigadier General Pershing, the veteran of fighting in Cuba, in the Philippines, the man who served as military attache with the Japanese army in Manchuria during the gigantic struggle with Russia, the able soldier, diplomat, lawyer, student of languages and international affairs.

"The president wants you to 'get' Villa," says Funston.

"When shall I start after him?" says Pershing.

Who can say that Pershing would not have got Villa if Washington, not desiring to make war on all Mexico,



HE QUESTIONS A SPY IN MEXICO.

had not called off the expedition? Surely not any army man who knows Pershing. When he started after Villa we just knew that Villa's future was settled. But the great war in Europe was threatening to involve the United States. Carranza was bitterly hostile, and Villa displayed the qualities of a will-o'-the-wisp. No one was more disappointed than Pershing when the orders to return were issued and he, the soldier in Mexico, had to bear them and obey.

The great war was devastating the world, and America, after more than two years of waiting, was called upon to "make the world safe for democracy." Foreign countries sent their envoys here to discuss with the president and the government the manner in which America could make its weight tell in the shortest time.

"Send us some of your men, that our soldiers may see them at their side and be heartened in the fight against German autocracy," said Balfour and Joffre to President Wilson and Secretary of War Baker.

"We shall send them," said President Wilson. "Mr. Baker, whom shall we send to command our troops in France?"

"Send Pershing," said Mr. Baker. "All America knows what Pershing can do. We know him to be not only a brave, resourceful fighter, but a man of high administrative ability. We must send our French and British allies a man who will be able not only to lead our men in the field and show that he is conversant with the latest advances in military science, but also a man who can manage our soldiers before they get into the battle line. He must represent us to the French and the British worthily, as we should want to be represented."

"You are right, Mr. Secretary," said President Wilson. "And from what I have heard of Pershing and seen of him he is the man to send."

With absolute secrecy, without the blare of a single bugle note or the roll of a single drum, Pershing sailed for Europe. Not until he landed in England did the American public know that the commander of the southern department, summoned to Washington ostensibly for a consultation, had left for the European battle front.

From the farthermost Scottish headlands to the Mediterranean coast Britain and France were aflame with interest, excitement and curiosity when the announcement of Pershing's landing was made. "Who is this man Pershing the Americans have sent us?" asked one Londoner of another. "Blessed if I know!" was the reply.

The newspapers ransacked their reference departments and scanned their files for material for writeups of Pershing. They told as much as they could about his career, but it was all too little to satisfy the public's curiosity. Then the crowds flocked to learn about Pershing at first hand. Seldom in Europe's long history has any man received so wonderful a reception. Here was American aid in the great war, which had lasted almost three years, presented in tangible form in the person of the tall, straight, soldierly figure of a fighting general. The crowds went literally wild over Pershing.

And all of this was expressed in heaped up measure when the American reached Paris. "The deliverer has come! Vive Pershing! Vive Joffre!" rang the cries when the two famous generals appeared side by side in the French capital. "This man has come to France to repay the debt owed to Lafayette, to Rochambeau, to the other Frenchmen who risked their lives that America might be free. They will help to deliver France from the German invader," said the crowds, and they cheered Pershing until the boulevards rang.

DRINK WATER TO AVOID SICKNESS SAYS AUTHORITY

Glass of hot water before breakfast daily keeps the doctor away.

Sanitary science has of late made rapid strides with results that are of untold blessing to humanity. The latest application of its untiring research is the recommendation that it is as necessary to attend to internal sanitation of the drainage system of the human body as it is to the drains of the house.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when we arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, can instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the phosphated hot water is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thoro flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble, rheumatic stiffness; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of internal sanitation.

WAR WEAPONS

Are Powerful And So Is Money. Possession Of Money.

1. Adds to your power.
2. It enables you to accomplish results.
3. With weapons of war, armies win victories.
4. With money, you can also.
5. Therefore save your money
6. And leave it with The Buckeye State Building and Loan Company,
7. Rankin Building, 22 West Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio. Assets $13,[illegible]

DAYLIGHT LAKE TRIPS.

The C. & B. Line is again maintaining daylight service between Cleveland and Buffalo. These trips proved very popular last season, and this year promises even greater patronage.

From Cleveland, Steamer "CITY OF BUFFALO" leaves New East 9th Street Pier every Saturday during the summer season at 9:30 a. m. arriving at Buffalo 7:30 evening of same day.

From Buffalo, the Great Ship "SEEANDBEE" leaves wharves at South Michigan Street Bridge every Saturday at 9:30 a. m., reaching Cleveland at 7:30 p. m.

The night service will be the same as heretofore, namely, steamers leave both cities daily at 9:00 p. m., reaching destination the following morning at 7:30. (All Eastern Time.)

Low fare excursions from Cleveland and Buffalo are given every Saturday, good returning Sunday.

A reduced automobile rate of $5.00 round trip is made for these week-end trips for cars not exceeding 127 inches wheelbase.

[illegible] Walks Faster Than Other.

[illegible] think it is silly to ask [illegible] faster, but it isn't. [illegible] a pavement that is [illegible] in the center, [illegible] before you have gone [illegible] have veered to one [illegible] make an effort to [illegible] center, but if you will [illegible], and endeavor to [illegible] will not be able [illegible] line. If you lose [illegible] of black moor[illegible] you will describe [illegible]. The explanation [illegible] of one foot to [illegible] other, or take a [illegible] other, causing [illegible]. To make as[illegible] placing two [illegible] feet apart, then [illegible] feet, blindfold [illegible] to walk be-

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL
CAPSULES
MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

THE MORNING TRIBUNE CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING CAN BE DEPENDED UPON

LOST AND FOUND

CHILD'S RED COAT, found—In automobile on Main St. Owner may have same by paying for this ad. Tribune office.

NOSE GLASSES, lost—Monday evening between Grand Confectionery and Park Ave., on Main street. Return to 840 Main street and receive reward.

LOST—Pocketbook with small amount of change and two office keys, between Grand confectionery and Park avenue. Finder please return to The Tribune office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED

SALESMEN, for largest high grade Custom Tailoring concern in New York—To sell made to measure suits and overcoats, direct from factory to wearer, to retail at $16.50, $19.50, $22.50. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only experienced clothing men with real selling ability need apply. Lion Custom Tailoring Co., 61 E. 11th St., New York.

GIRL OR WOMAN, wanted—at once. Apply Marshall Mfg. Co. Orchard and 12th Sts.

CHAMBERMAID, wanted—at once. Good pay, room and board. Apply at Park Hotel.

SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER wanted by a middle aged lady in a respectable family. Address "M" care Morning Tribune.

MALE HELP WANTED

HELP, wanted—Coshocton Brick Co. Apply at office.

WANTED—Tenant for farm at Adams Mills. A good paying, steady job for a good steady man, married man only need apply. Write or phone at once to Brooke the Jeweler, Coshocton, O.

WAITERS, two waiters and one waitress wanted—at once. Apply Empress restaurant.

LABORERS, wanted—At once. Steady work. Apply to Wm. I. Pope, Supt., Pope-Gosser China Co.

WANTED TO BUY

WANTED, to buy—Clover hay or alfalfa. George Stipes, Roscoe. O. Bell phone 473.

ICE BOX, wanted—at once. Inquire C. L. Styer, The Dairyman, Coshocton R. D. 7.

OLD FALSE TEETH wanted. Don't matter if broken. I pay $2 to $15 per set. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. L. Mazer, 2007 S. Fifth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

BARBER CHAIR, for sale—Cheap. Inquire G. A. Ramser, at Oscar Vensils' Barber Shop, Walnut St.

COAL heater—Good as new; two gas heaters in good condition, cupboard with glass doors. Chase Bros. piano. Sell cheap, moving out of state reason for selling. W. L. Sooy, N. Fifteenth St.

CUT FLOWERS, for sale—Will be on the market each Saturday with gladiolas and dahlias. Order bulbs now. C. F. Tumblin, Citizens phone 217-B. Located near S. Lawn Ave.

STOCK, for sale—10 shares Preferred Stock of The American Art Works—par $100.00. Mail offers to John A. Best, Receiver, Dresden National Bank, office at Pineville, W. Va.

FOR SALE—3 rockers; 1 rug; 2 beds; 2 hall runners; hall rack; umbrella stand, bookcase; dining-room suite; gas range; 2 kitchen tables; fireless cooker; lawn mower, 35 ft. hose, and hot plate. L. E. Parrish. Citz phone 690-A

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

FURNITURE, and gas range for sale. Good as new. Inquire R. A. Stiles. Citz.-627-B. 361 South Third street.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE

HAY, for sale—In field at $7.00 per ton or delivered at $10.00. Walter Porteus, Citizens phone, 2 rings on 917.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK

PEDI GREED COLLIES, for sale—Black and sable with white markings. They are descendents of Champion Christopher that sold for $5,000. Citz. phone 229. Mrs. Cyrus Elder, Warsaw.

Fought Hard for Freedom.

In ancient and early medieval times Khiva was a part of the kingdom of Bactria, Parthia and Persia in turn. The great Genghis Khan overran it in the year 1221 and 150 years later it fell beneath the ruthless sword of Tamerlane. As early as the seventeenth century the Cossacks had discovered the wealth of the province, and in 1717 Peter the Great made an unsuccessful effort to annex it. A century and a quarter later Czar Nicholas I also attempted to conquer it, but with no greater success. Finally, in 1873, three Russian columns were set in motion with the design of squeezing the country into submission. In May of that year Khiva capitulated and the khan agreed to pay a war indemnity of $11,000,000, a debt which is still being liquidated in annual installments.—National Geographic Society Bulletin.

Subscribe for The Tribune.

PROFESSIONAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

If your eyes need attention, at all—the sooner they get it the better.

OTIS G. MORSE

OPTOMETRIST and OPTICIAN

Ricketts Block, Oppo. Courthouse

VETERINARIAN

DR. L. B. HALL

209 SOUTH EIGHTH STREET

(Graduate of Ohio State University)

All Kinds Of Veterinary Work

(Both Phones)

Hemstitching

Done For 8 cts The Yard

ART CRAFT STORE

Selby Building

SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Glass Undertaking Co., J. E. Glass, Mgr. Motor Ambulance equipped with Life Saving Device known as The Lungmotor. Both phones. Day calls, 498. Night calls, 499.

Miss Huston has returned from the Optical Convention and is prepared to take care of your Eye Needs, at

THE BURNS OPTICAL CO.

AUTOMOBILES AND ACCESSORIES

AUTO TIRE REPAIR SHOP

(2nd door from Postoffice)

One Good Tire Made From Two Old Ones.

Tubes Vulcanized.

TWO FORD TOURING CARS, for sale—$190 each, one Ford Runabout $265. One Ford Coupe, special body, Gray & Davis starter, a dandy—must be seen to be appreciated. One Oakland six, new tires and newly painted. A bargain. Owner leaving city.

WANTED—One 1917 or 1916 Ford automobile body, one National Cash Register and one small safe.

TO TRADE, wanted—A good town property, for a farm. Write Commercial Exchange, Uhrichsville, Ohio. W. H. Patterson, Mgr.

OVERLAND CAR, for sale—Five passenger. Call at Ingham's, 410 N. 9th St.

SPECIAL NOTICES

CIVVIL SERVICE, examinations Coshocton soon—Men and women desiring government clerships, departmental, postoffice, railway mail, customs stenographer, write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard (former government examiner) 752 Kenois Bldg. Washington.

NOTICE—The trievele standing in front of Joe Pash residence was seen stolen. Please return at once to avoid further rtouble. Mrs. Anna Pash.

SPECIAL SALE, Walker Bros., of West Bedford are putting on a Special Sale. All Men's Ladies' and Children's summer underwear will be sold below cost. Wall Paper, Matting, Rugs, Hats, Outing Shoes and all our Summer Goods will be offered at very lowest prices.

NOTICE—We remove all dead horses, cattle and hogs free of charge. Coshocton Rendering Co., Citizens phone Y-831, Bell 997; 7:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

HOUSES FOR RENT

COR. PINE AND SOUTH LAWN AVE.—modern 7 room house for rent. Vacant Aug. 20. Call Citz. phone 728-B. O. F. Neldon, 616 So. Lawn Ave.

EAST VINE—Five room house. Water and gas. Also two rooms for rent, furnished or unfurnished. Inquire John Watson, Hay Ave. Bell phone 750.

CENTRALLY LOCATED—5 room furnished house will be for rent Sept. 1. Inquire 763 Chestnut St. Citz. phone 139 A.

FOR RENT, Richard Stocker (Maple Leaf) Farm, 1-2 mile east of Port Washington, O., on new brick road, 112 acres, two barns, large house. All fine condition. Write C. A. Stocker, 422 Hamilton Ave., Columbus, O.

KENILWORTH AVE., No. 1207, Seven room house for rent. All modern improvements: gas, electricity, garage. Inquire Adam Alleshouse, Citizen's phone B-465, or S. H. Nicholas.

HALF DOUBLE HOUSE, desirable location for rent. All modern conveniences including cement cellar. Inquire 763 Locust street. Citizen's phone 395-B.

(continued from preceding columns)

HOUSES FOR RENT

140 N. SEVENTH ST.—5 room house and bath for rent. All conveniences. Inquire Mrs. Nellie Hodzel. 703 Chestnut St. Citz. phone 139-A.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES

HORSE, for sale—Gentle family driver. Not afraid of anything. Also rubber tired surrey and runabout. E. W. Henke, 804 Chestnut St. Citz. phone 598.

GOOD RELIABLE HORSE, for sale—Quiet and sound. Eight years old. Priced reasonably. Inquire at Wm. G. Hay's Dairy farm.

PONIES, for sale—50 head of mine and family ponies, 38 to 52 inches high. C. L. Glogley, Zanesville, O. Citizens phone 4181 or 761 W. Main St.

MARE FOR SALE—Five year old, brown mare, also saddle good as new. Inquire Clary's Greenhouse, South Tenth St., both phones.

SORREL, road mare—For sale. Four years old, sound and all right. A. D. Stewart, Coshocton R. D. 7.

WANTED, Team of draft mares, four or five years old. H. M. Ewing, Citizen's phone 742.

PUBLIC SALES

PUBLIC SALE

ALL THE CHATTEL PROPERTY of the estate of the late Michael Colopy, deceased, will be offered at public auction at his late residence in Linton Township on the Plainfield Road five and one half miles east of the city of Coshocton on August 8, 1917, beginning at 1 o'clock, P. M. and consisting of the following, to-wit:

Two work horses, one extra good; five head of cattle, consisting of two cows, two 3-year old heifers and one 2-year old heifer; one mowing machine; one hay rake; double set of work harness; double set light harness; one single set of light harness; one platform scale; one work bench; one hill side plow; one breaking plow; one harrow; one sled; one corn sheller; one Hoosier fertilizer grain drill; one big wagon; one spring wagon; one surrey; one buggy, and other tools belonging to the farm; also household goods and other articles too numerous to mention.

C. E. Aronhalt will also offer a registered, 5-year old Holstein cow.

At this time Anna Colopy, sole heir under the will of Michael Colopy, deceased, will offer the folicwing real estate: one tract comprising 67 1-2 acres and another 38 1-2 acres, in all 106 acres, more or less. This farm is exceptionally well watered with unfailing springs. It is underlaid with coal with mine now in operation. It also has plenty of good timber, mostly white oak. Terms made known on day of sale.

C. E. ARONHALT, Adm.
Noah Barrett, Auctioneer.

COULD NOT SEE THE FUTURE

Two Men of Great Inventive Ability Who Had Not the Quality of Foresight.

Not infrequently great inventors do no comprehend the significance of the thing they have produced. An interesting anecdote of two famous men of science whose foresight did not equal their inventive ability follows.

When Hertz first began to obtain satisfactory results from his now famous researches into the possibility of transmitting electric waves, certain men of science suggested that some day similar vibrations might serve to transmit messages through space. Hertz laughed at the hypothesis, and assured all comers that his experiments were for laboratories only. Now, after a few short years, it is hard to find a single issue of a daily paper that does not record some noteworthy example of the use of wireless telegraphy.

Levassor was the great engineer who sketched the automobile with such skill that his design has not been materially changed to this day. After Levassor accomplished his historic trip from Paris to Bordeaux and return, at the dizzy speed of about fifteen miles an hour, his admirers gave him a banquet. During the toasts, one of them, stirred by the spirit of the occasion, rose and enthusiastically called on the assembly to drink to the approaching day when carriages should travel at the speed of sixty miles an hour. Levassor turned to his nearest neighbor and asked in a quick undertone, "Why is it that after every banquet some people feel called on to make fools of themselves?"—Les Inventions Illustrees.

On the whole, poets do not seem to have too good a time of it. It is rather rare for an editor to see eye to eye with them in regard to the quality of their work.

Percival Flliptop had had his work "turned down" by five editors in succession, and was now being told the cold and bitter truth by the sixth. His rage got the better of him.

"Some day," he burst out, "you editors will be fighting for my work."

"Never mind," chortled he of the hard heart. "When that day comes, even if I lose, I'll be just as happy!"—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Try a Tribune Want Ad.

Suffrage Victories of 1917 In Foreign Lands

Twenty-two Flags Float For Woman's Freedom Throughout the World

Flags of 22 nations waved before the Senate of the United States on April 20th, as a visible reminder that as many nations have given full or partial suffrage to the women of their countries by parliamentary procedure. The countries are: Great Britain, including England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, India, Honduras, South Africa, Scandinavia, including Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Finland, Iceland; France; Russia; Netherlands, Mexico; Porto Rico; Hawaii; Burmah.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt appeared at the Senate hearing, in behalf of the Federal Suffrage Amendment, flanked by these 22 flags as a concrete illustration of the fact that in no country except the United States are women forced to seek political freedom by referendum to a general electorate.

Since January 1, 1917, the franchise has been conferred upon the women of Ontario, Canada, by act of the provincial legislature.

After eleven years of waiting, French women have this year seen their municipal suffrage bill favorably reported. In February, 1917, the committee on universal suffrage of the Chamber of Deputies voted favorably on the Flandin suffrage bill which, when passed, will give French women municipal franchise and eligibility to municipal offices. It is sponsored by Monsieur Pierre Etienne Flandin, deputy from the Yonne, who believes its chances for passage are good and that, once passed, the vote for national representatives will soon be added.

Minister Kerensky is a suffragist and it is the opinion of Mr. J. G. Ohsol, a former member of the Russian Duma, now in this country, that the workingmen's councils will insist that, since women have borne a leading part in every revolutionary and educational movement in modern Russia, they shall be enfranchised at once.

With "Babushka" Breshkovsky there are coming back into Russia from exile and prison thousands of women. "To deny these women even temporarily the right to vote on the future of Russia," says Mr. Ohsol, "will not be tolerated by the masses." It is the opinion of Russian women of prominence in this country that behind the Russian revolution is the shining promise of woman's freedom.

On April 29th, Gustavus Losle, a member of the German Reichstag, openly advocated full woman suffrage in Germany "on the ground that it was through the efforts of millions of German women that the existence of the nation had been preserved."

Civil Rights Given Women as a War Measure.

On February 23 a woman alderman, the first woman in Russia ever to be elected to a public office, was elected in the capital city of the province of Poltava. Russia has taken another big forward step. Four women have been admitted to the Moscow bar, the first time such a privilege has been accorded Russian women.

French women have also gained civil rights never before granted them.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt and Flags of Twenty-two Suffrage Nations

In Russia, women will be included in the revolutionary turn-over which is rapidly bringing democracy to the Russian people. Assurance has come from Prince Lvoff, Premier of the Provisional Government, that women are to help elect delegates to the Constituent Assembly. "With such a radical change," says one dispatch, "full extension of the franchise to them will soon follow." In the meanwhile at the Congress of Workers, Soldiers and Delegates held in Petrograd on April 17, a report was adopted containing the recommendation that "women shall have the same voting right as men."

An Act of Reparation.

In February of this year, Signor Sacchi, Italian Minister of Justice, presented to the Italian Chamber a bill, the object of which is the abrogation of every law by which, in the field of civil and commercial rights, the capacities of women are at present curtailed. According to the Minister of Justice, this reform will constitute, "An act of justice—of reparation almost—to which women have now more right than ever." A resolution that the bill be passed is signed by all the principal women's national associations.

TEACHING CHILDREN TO TALK

Comparatively an Easy Matter to Get Them to Use the Right Words in Right Place.

We teach our children to eat nicely, to walk gracefully, and to dress themselves neatly, and all the rest of it, but very few of us take the trouble to teach them how to talk in an interesting way, though the art of entertaining conversation is as valuable an art as one can possess, says the Camden Daily Courier.

If you listen to the ordinary gossip in an average family you will notice that the children use the same set of words again and again. They have half a dozen adjectives with which they sprinkle their conversation and they help out their lack of expression by such tags as "Oh, well, you know what I mean," or "It was a sort of what-do-you-call-it" and so on.

It is a pity to allow such slovenly habits of speech to be formed. Even when the accent and grammar are quite good, the children's speech is often very uninteresting just because of the thoughtless style of expression used.

When a glaringly unsuitable word is used take a chance of speaking about it and suggesting a better one. There will be no need to nag at the children on such points as these. They will be only too glad to learn, if they have the chance, for most little ones are instinctively attracted by the mere sound of fine words.

Acid Not Only Foe to Tin.

The popular idea that only acid substances attack tin is wrong. Fish, asparagus, beans, pumpkins and spinach are not acid, and yet their corrosion of tin is quite marked. This is probably due to amine compounds, substances related to ammonia. In the case of shrimps the cans are often eaten through in a comparatively short time. So alkaline is the methylamine contained in shrimps that workmen in the canneries find the skin peeling off their hands. Observation by some canners led to the discovery that if shrimps were iced for a day before canning, the corrosive action of the juices is greatly diminished. This is not the universal practice. In addition the cans are lined with paper to prevent the contact of the shrimps and the tin.

Original William Tell Sermon.

Still another version of "William Tell" comes from Denmark. The selfsame story is told in the Danish legends, two centuries before it crops out in the Swiss narrative, and further investigation shows, according to a Danish historian, that it was borrowed by Danes, the original apple having been shot from the original child's head by a German bowman named Egil, when King Nidung sought to test the man's skill and nerve. In that remote story it is related that Egil concealed another arrow in his bosom with which to kill the king if he injured his child.

Subscribe for The Tribune.

Try a Tribune Want Ad.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS

LIVE STOCK.

CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, O., AUG. 4.—Cattle—Receipts 200 head; market slow.

Calves—Receipts 200 head; market is slow; dull to choice veal calves $14.50@15.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 100 head; market steady; good to choice lambs $13.50@14.25.

Hogs—Receipts 1000 head; market is steady. Yorkers, heavies and mixed $16.25; pigs $14.50; roughs $14.25; stags $13.

EAST BUFFALO.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., AUG. 4.—Cattle—Receipts 500 head; market is slow; best prime steers $13@13.75; shipping steers $11@13; butchers $9@12; yearlings $11@12; heifers $8@11; cows $5@9.50; bulls $6@9.50; stockers and feeders $6.50@8.50; fresh cows and springers steady at $50@125.

Veals—Receipts 100 head; market is slow at $5@15.50.

Hogs—Receipts 2400 head; market is firm; heavy and mixed $16.40@16.50; Yorkers $14.25@15.50; stags $12@13.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 200 head; market active; lambs $10@14.75; others unchanged.

PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, PA., AUG. 4.—Cattle—Receipts light; market is steady; steers $9.75@12.65; heifers $8.50@10; cows $7.50@9.

Hogs—Receipts 1200 head; market active to higher; heavies $16.40@16.50; heavy Yorkers $16.25@16.35; light Yorkers $15.50@16; pigs $15@15.25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 300; market steady. Top sheep $10.50; top lambs $15.

Calves—Receipts 100; market steady; top $14.50.

BOSTON WOOL.

BOSTON, AUG. 4.—Wool is quoted as follows: Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces: Delaine washed 80@82c, delaine unwashed 71@75c, half blood combing 71@72c, three-eighths blood combing 71@75c, Michigan and New York fleeces. Fine unwashed 56@57c, delaine unwashed 72@74c, half blood unwashed 70c, three-eighths blood unwashed 73@74c. Wisconsin, Missouri and average New England: Half blood 65@66c, three-eighths blood 71@72c, quarter blood 70@71c. Virginia, Kentucky and similar: Half blood unwashed 71@72c, three-eighths blood unwashed 76@77c. Scoured Basis—Texas: Fine 12 months $1.65@1.70, fine eight months $1.45@1.50. California: Northern $1.70@1.75, middle county $1.40@1.45, Southern $1.15@1.20. Oregon: Eastern No. 1 staple $1.75, Eastern clothing $1.50@1.55, Valley No. 1, $1.15@1.50. Territory: Fine staple $1.75@1.80, half blood combing $1.45@1.50, three-eighths blood combing $1.30@1.35, fine clothing $1.55@1.65, fine medium clothing $1.40@1.50. Pulled: Extra $1.80@1.85, AA $1.70@1.80, A supers $1.45@1.50.

CLEVELAND PRODUCE.

CLEVELAND, O., AUG. 4.—Butter—Creamery extras in tubs 41@41 1-2c; prints 42@42 1-2c; firsts 37@37 1-2c; seconds 35 1-2@36c; process 31@32c; fancy dairy 31@32c; packing 29@30c.

Oleomargarin—Nut margarine 25c; Oleo made of animal oil, high grade, natural color in one-pound prints 28c; natural color, low grade 21 1-2c; high grade 27c; low grade 22c; pastry 20 1-2c, bakeall 20 1-2c; solid basis.

Cheese—American whole milk, fancy twins and flats 25@26c; brick fancy 24@25c; Swiss fancy 30@32c; brick 27@28c; limburger 25@26c.

Eggs—Fresh, firsts 35c; seconds 31c.

Poultry—Live fowls, heavy 18@19c, live fowls, light 19@20c; roosters 15c; spring chickens, light 22@24c; do heavy 26@28; spring ducks 22@23c.

Potatoes—East Shore, potatoes in barrels $2.25 and barrels $2.00, do Early Ohios $1.25@1.40 a bushel.

Hogs—Receipts 1 car, market lower; Yorkers, heavies [illegible] $16.10@16.15; pigs [illegible]; roughs and sows $10@12.

Disappointed.

Wordsworth once called on Miss Harriet Martineau at Ambleside, where she had built a house. There was a gathering of neighbors present, and Wordsworth stood for a long time at the window contemplating the beautiful landscape outside. Then he turned to the party and said: "Miss Martineau, I congratulate you on your beautiful little domain. The views are wonderful, and this will turn out to be the wisest thing you ever did in your life." He paused for a moment, and the guests expected some comment on the uplifting effects of communion with nature; but Wordsworth, with a fine gesture, went on: "Your property will certainly be trebled in value within the next ten years."

POULTRY AND SEEDS.

(Corrected by Chas. E. Lorenz, wholesale and retail dealer in poultry, seeds, wool, etc., Second street.)

Paying Prices.

Chickens	.17
Spring Chickens	.25
Ducks (old)	.15
Ducks (young)	.22
Geese	.15
Turkeys	.19

Retail Prices

Chickens	.20
Spring Chickens	.30
Turkeys	.22
Geese	.20
Ducks (old)	.18
Ducks (young)	.25

Seeds.

Medium red clover	$11.50
Mammoth clover	11.25
Timothy seed	4.00
Fancy Alsike seed	11.50
Fancy Alfalfa seed	11.50
White Sweet clover	12.00
Yellow Sweet clover	6.00
Kentucky Blue Grass	1.90
Orchard Grass	1.90
Lawn Grass, per pound	.15
Fancy Red Top, per pound	.13
Mammoth Yellow soy beans	.85
Memium Green soy beans	4.75

CHAS. E. LORENZ.

Wheat, bu	$2.10
Corn	2.00
Oats	.75

Retail Prices.

Flour, per bbl.	$13.20
Flour, per 1-4 bbl.	3.30
Flour, per 1-8 bbl.	1.65
Flour, per 1-16 bbl.	.87
Corn	1.90
Meal, unbolted	4.00
Meal, yellow, bolted per cwt.	4.50
Chops	3.40
Oats, bu.	.85
Bran, bulk	2.10
Screenings, cwt.	2.10
Middlings, bulk	2.50
Scratch feed	3.40

COSHOCTON PRODUCE.

(Corrected by Overholt & Craig)

Coshocton Groceries Are Paying These Prices For the Following:

Butter	.34
Eggs	.34
Lard	.20
Chickens, per lb.	.17

Grocers are selling as follows:

Butter	.38
Eggs	.38
Creamery butter	.45
Sugar, 25-lb. sack	$2.25
Cabbage	.04
Lard, lb.	.28
Potatoes, peck	.35
Onions	.05

City subscribers should insist on a receipt from the carrier.

HOMES OF THE STRAWBERRY

Eight Districts of the Country in Which the Succulent Fruit Is an Important Crop.

A survey of the production and marketing of strawberries in the United States made by the department of agriculture indicates that the eight most important commercial strawberry districts are central California, Tennessee, Maryland, Delaware, southern Louisiana, North and South Carolina, Virginia and the Ozarks.

Great quantities of strawberries, the report says, are also grown in the North in small patches and shipped to market by trolley, express or in the producer's own wagon.

The first strawberries of the year come from central Florida, the movement beginning in December and continuing until the end of March. By the first of March the first strawberries from southern Texas and southern California find their way to the market. About the middle of March the Louisiana crop begins to move, continuing about two months or until the middle of May.

By that time the season of carload shipments is at its height. The greater part of the Tennessee and Virginia crop is shipped in May, as well as much of the Delaware, Illinois and Maryland output.—Good Housekeeping Magazine.

Routed by Baboons.

An old gentleman met with a peculiar experience at Madeira Hill, Queenstown, South Africa. Reaching the crest of the hill, he was about to settle for a quiet smoke in a sheltered nook when he was startled by a loud bark in close proximity, then by another and another. He had dropped on a big drove of baboons, numbering at least a hundred. Almost on every rock there was one barking defiance at him; a little farther off was a big crowd of young ones. He raised his stick to his shoulder as if he was going to shoot, but at this the barking only grew more fierce and more general. He thereupon decided to give the baboons a "strategical riddle," evacuated the crest, and came down the town side of the hill in an orderly retreat and not too slowly.—Exchange.

PATHE
Gold Rooster Plays

PASTIME
Monday

Hearst Pathe News
The latest and greatest events of the day

A thrilling story of
"THE JOCKEY OF DEATH"

A thrilling story of Circus life.

5—10c To All

WAR

(Continued From Page 1)

Flanders front. Apparently the armies are awaiting the return of good or even fair weather for the resumption of the offensive begun last week.

The London war office writes it clear that no shifting of the British forces was found necessary to cope with the situation created by the Germans on Thursday near Ponchy Le-Preux on the Arras battle front thru which inroads were made on the British positions on Infantry Hill.

The Russians continue to yield ground in Bukowina and in the Carpathians.

Berlin sums up the campaign of the last fortnight in the east saying the Galicia has been cleared of Russians with the exception of a small strip of territory extending west of Brody.

Lens for Portraits.

Anyone who intends to do much portraiture will find it a great help to get some simple form of stand camera for the purpose, and fit it with one of the old-fashioned portrait lenses, which can usually be picked up second-hand very cheaply. A half-plate lens should be got for quarter-plate or smaller work, as this allows one to be further from the sitter, and so avoids all risk of wide-angle effects, besides covering the plate better. In such a case, one ought to get definition over the small plate as good as with a first-rate anastigmat, extreme rapidity, and at a very moderate cost.—Exchange.

City subscribers should insist on a receipt from the carrie..

One Excuse Is As Good As Another

The young man at Bangor, Me., who wrote to the army examining board thanking it "for its kind invitation to report for examination" but adding that, after careful consideration," he had "decided not to join the national army at this time," set a pretty fast pace for originality, but numerous excuses for exemption over the country are proving him hard for the slacker's prize.

"I don't care to fight this summer," said an Indianapolis negro. "It's too hot. Maybe I'll join next winter if there is anything left."

"I'm the sole support of my wife's mother," said Silas Lewis, six feet and two inches tall, to the examining board in Detroit. "My wife works, too, but it takes all she makes to buy her clothes. My mother-in-law depends on me."

"My son is left-handed. Please have him exempted," wrote an anxious mother to her congressman at Washington. He told her the war department has placed a large order for "left-handed" guns to care for such cases.

"I'm a piano tuner," said an exemption seeker at Cincinnati, but he couldn't explain what his job had to do with keeping him out of war. "Mortgage on my home," was the reason given by another Queen City man.

"I'm deaf as a post," declared a Stark co. O., young man. He fooled the doctor and was passing out. "You're not very anxious to go to war," whispered the pretty stenographer as he went by. "I'll say I'm not," replied the youth. He quick worked. "You'll pass," said the doctor.

Two Congressmen Open Peace Drive

WASHINGTON, AUG. 4.—Two members of the house think peace negotiations should be started now. Each offered a resolution this afternoon, looking to cessation of hostilities.

Representative Stevens of Mississippi, Democrat, wants the president authorized to call a world congress in some neutral capital to consider peace.

Meyer London of New York, Socialist, presented a resolution suggesting the immediate assembly in Washington on invitation of President Wilson of peace delegates to be chosen from the legislative bodies of countries now at war with Germany. These delegates are to consider ways and means of ending the war.

Newsy Paragraphs

WASHINGTON, AUG. 4.—The revised war bill has been increased about $125,000,000. The bill will probably be taken up Monday by the senate finance committee.

NEW YORK—Theodore Roosevelt won't accept apointment as chairman of state food commission.

MONTPELIER, VT.—Rev. Horace B. Paskell of local Trinity church, accepted presidency of Beaver College, Beaver, Pa.

NEW YORK—Frederick Trubee Davison seriously hurt by 400-foot fall in aeroplane.

MONTEREY, PA.—Secretary McAdoo urged government life insurance for soldiers and sailors, in speech here.

WASHINGTON—Wisky withdrawals from bonded warehouses three times higher than normal.

WELLSBURG, W. VA.—C. B. Lambert, student at West Virginia aviation school, killed when his aeroplane fell 200 feet.

WASHINGTON—Investigators find congressman send seven tons of mail matter free of postage every day.

REUNION NEAR HELMICK.

The annual Fox Williamson reunion will be held next Saturday at Reed Hollow, near Helmick.

A TALE OF ADVENTURE

By PAULINE D. EDWARDS

A number of ladies were making clothes for Belgian orphans at Red Cross headquarters. Naturally they talked as they worked.

"Come, Madeline; can't you tell us of some adventure that has befallen you?"

"My life has been very uneventful," was the reply.

"You were in Europe, weren't you, when the great war broke out? Surely there must be something interesting in your experience at that time."

"There was a romance."

"Oh, do tell us about it!" chimed a dozen voices.

"It wasn't much of a happening, but since you want to hear it I don't mind telling you.

"You see, I was in Belgium when war was declared, but I didn't know that the Germans were going to come in such a hurry, and I hadn't seen all the sights. So I delayed getting away till they were driving the French before them toward Paris.

"That's the way I got into Red Cross work.

"The only means by which I could travel were the ambulances carrying the wounded. I set myself up for a nurse, taking care of a load of wounded men who were being carried to the rear, till a shell exploded under it and blew it and its contents sky high."

"Weren't you killed?" asked one of them.

"No," said the story teller; "I wasn't killed."

"What saved you?"

"I was leaning over a wounded soldier at the time, and when he was blown up his body constituted a protection for me. He was killed, though."

"It seems to me," remarked one of the ladies, "that there is some unnecessary information given here. Go on with the story so far as regards yourself alone."

"And leave out the romance?"

"No!" shouted every woman present.

"They took the ambulance I was in to Calais"—

"I thought it was blown to atoms," put in a listener.

"That was a French ambulance. I was picked up by English Red Cross workers and at Calais was taken across the channel."

The speaker stopped short, as though she had finished her story.

"Where does the romance come in?" asked several ladies at once.

"Oh, I'm going to tell you that. Do you want to hear it?"

"Of course," all responded.

"I stayed in England a long while, caring for wounded soldiers in the hospital. At last I sailed for America in a British ship. That was when the submarines had got to work, and we were all fearful of being sunk to the bottom of the ocean. Most of us remained dressed day and night. I wore a tailor made suit I had bought in London. You see if I got through safely I wouldn't have to pay duty on it, and if we were blown up and I was saved I would be well dressed and correspondingly well treated. If I was drowned my corpse would be well gowned."

"How thoughtful!" remarked several listeners sotto voce.

"We hadn't been out thirty-six hours when there came the sound of an explosion forward. I knew at once it was a submarine. I went to my stateroom, got out all my jewels and put them on."

"What for?" asked a surprised listener.

"For the same reasons I wore my tailor made gown. I've been asked not to give any unnecessary information. I think I won't tell any more of it."

"Go on!" was the universal cry.

"Well, when I went up the companionway I found a terrible scene on deck. The officers were protecting the boats at the point of the pistol for the women and children. When one of them saw me and how well dressed I was—most of the women looked like frights—he offered me his arm and escorted me to a boat. I got in, and as we were pulled away from the sinking ship I threw him a kiss of thanks."

"How lovely! Was he the romance?"

"No. I'm going to tell you about the romance now. The sea was running high, and one huge wave came along and turned our boat over. I gave myself up for lost. Fortunately my tailor made gown I told you about caught a lot of air under it, and this kept me up for awhile. But the seas finally took all the air from under me, and I was about to sink when I felt myself drawn upon some boards. It was an improvised raft. I looked up into the face of the handsomest man I ever saw.

"'This raft is not capable of supporting us both,' he said. 'I give my life that you may live.' With that he rolled off into the water."

"How beautiful!" exclaimed a chorus.

"We women don't appreciate the effect of own adornments. There was admiration in my preserver's eyes, which no doubt was heightened by my tailor made suit and my jewels, all of which were becoming to me. I have no doubt that I owe my life to them."

There was a hushed assent.

"You were picked up?"

"Yes."

"And he?"

The narrator bent over her work to hide the dimness in her eyes.

"No, he sank beneath the waves."

"Who is that young woman?" asked one lady of another as they were leaving the place.

"The biggest liar in the United States. She has never been out of her native state."

Try an Ad in the classified column of The Tribune.

WEATHER—Generally fair Sunday; Monday unsettled.

The Monroe Steele Co. The Big Busy Store The Monroe Steele Co.

Final Clearance of Wash Fabrics

Continues thruout the coming week.

25c Fancy Voiles, yard **19c**	29c Fancy Voiles, yard **23c**	35c Fancy Voiles, yard **29c**
50c Fancy Voiles, yard **39c**	89c Sport Fabrics **59c**	$1.25 Silk Shirting in fancy stripes **89c**

THE MONROE STEELE COMPANY
Opposite Court Square

STATE NEWS

CLEVELAND—Ten districts Friday examined 1014 draft registrants, bringing the total to 3015. Of those last tested, 221 emerged physically fit.

CEDAR POINT — Business conditions, described as generally satisfactory, are discussed by Ohio, Michigan and associated lumber dealers and salesmen.

CEDAR POINT — The American Photographers' association is in session, with 11 of 26 affiliated states represented.

WOOSTER—Basing his statements on general reports, Director Thorne of the experiment station, says Ohio's wheat yield will be between 40,000,000 and 50,000,000 bushels, a considerable increase over last year.

WAPAKONETA — Succeeding Rev. E. C. Stellhorn, recently called to Ann Arbor, Mich., Rev. J. W. Kuntz, of Bellevue, will become pastor of the Zion Lutheran church at St. Marys and the Lutheran church at Moulton.

MARYSVILLE—Fire started by a traction engine destroys Penrose Wiley's barn and contents, with $3000 loss.

CLEVELAND—Colonel H. E. Hill, former commander of the Fifth Ohio infantry and civil war veteran, is buried here.

CANTON — Medical examiners couldn't make one drafted man hear but a pretty stenographer who engaged him in conversation turned the trick. He was accepted.

BUCYRUS—Ed. Carney of Crestline was taken from jail for examination for the draft army. He did not claim exemption. "Didn't I land in jail for fighting," he said.

CANTON—Volunteer women workers at the canning center of the local branch of national defense, will wear aprons and caps of red, white and blue.

NEWARK — Women of Licking county met at Granville today to organize for the state dry campaign this fall.

ZANESVILLE — The "First Call Troops" of 1861, Ohio section, will meet here Aug. 15. Seventyfive thousand men responded to Lincoln's first call.

CLEVELAND—High winds on the lake have caused the water at the beaches to rise nine inches, says Recreation Commissioner Potts in a warning to bathers. Many cliffs along the Ohio shore line have been cut odwn this summer.

Exhibition and Exposition.

While the two words, exhibition and exposition, in modern usage when applied in the sense of a public show or display of natural or artificial productions, are used interchangeably, yet in some cases the words could not be used interchangeably without altering the meaning of both phrases, as an "exhibition game of ball" conveys an idea very different from that contained in the phrase "an exposition game of ball." As contrasted with exposition, exhibition deals more often with visible things and exposition with things mental; as an exhibition of machinery; an exposition of a text or doctrine of philosophy. Hence in part, perhaps, the disinclination of some to the word exposition for a show.

Value of a Smile.

Smile and the world smiles with you. It does not cost you anything to be human, to show by your manner that you regard your fellow-worker or your employee as a fellow-being. A friendly greeting, no matter how hurried, is a tonic. Take the trifling moment of time for that greeting. Make the trifling amount of effort. Remember that the joy or the unhappiness of life is made up of trifles, just as the continents are made of grains of sand and drops of water. "You can catch a derned more sight of flies with sugar than with vinegar," runs the homely old New England saying.—Exchange.

Herbert Cupps, employed in The Tribune composing room, will leave Monday on a two weeks vacation. Cupps expects to spend the time camping and fishing near Wills Creek.

Try a Tribune Want Ad.

Must Dodge Women Or Serve Sentence

NEW YORK, AUG. 4.—For a whole year Joseph J. Judels, jeweler, must dodge women every time he sees them. Judels hugged Miss Angela Countis in a movie theatre. Magistrate Nolan ordered him to keep away from any gathering in which there are women for a year or take a trip to the workhouse.

REALLY MATTER OF BLUFF

Just How Most of Public Pests Secure Immunity From Merited Retribution.

Once upon a time there was a dog whose delight it was to bark at the moon. He knew nothing discreditable concerning the moon, but felt that he just naturally must show his superiority. So he yapped and yowled and called it names and made faces at it by the hour. All this caused the other animals great annoyance, and at last they held an indignation meeting.

"Something must be done!" was the general opinion. "Let us do it by taking this measly nuisance out to some secluded spot and abating him in a thorough and permanent manner!"

"Stay!" spoke the hog. "Let us not act hastily. I traveled widely in my younger days, appearing in the dime museums all over the land as the justly celebrated educated pig. I have looked this matter up. It is true that the varmint under discussion is an abomination. Still, he is one of the pests to whom all the rest of creation appear to feel compelled to give ear and deference—men call them reformers or agitators, or statesmen, as the case may be. As I understand it, there is no way of stopping his barking at the moon except by paying him to quit. And that, alas! would not give us permanent relief, for as soon as he had spent our money he would find something else to howl about, and we should have to buy him all over again."

Moral—From this we should learn that the average pest secures immunity from retribution because he has us bluffed.—Judge.

TO INDIANAPOLIS.

Russell Shaw, formerly of this city, who has been in New York city during the last week on business trip relative to aviation, will leave today for his home in Indianapolis.

Subscribe for The Tribune.

FINE WHEAT YIELD FROM CONESVILLE

Harmon Knicely, who farms the Dr. E. U. Marquand farm at Conesville, reports a wheat yield from 12 acres of 592 bushels, and a yield of 425 bushels from 11 acres.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Joseph J. Myser, et. al. to Harry Carpenter, 73 1-2 Sq. Rds., Clark, $1.00.

James L. Conner, et. ux. to James L. Still, 2 A., Monroe Twp., $30.00.

C. E. HAGANS, et. ux. to D. A. Hagans, 10 A., Tiverton Twp., $1.00.

Mary J. Fortune to James Harold Snedeker, 19 100 A., Roscoe, $1000.00.

Edward M. Wimmer to John Rice, Pt. Lot 856, Coshocton, $2300.00.

Anna A. Sturgeon, et. al. to Milton S. Smith, 176 A., Washington Twp., $1.00.

Lawrence E. Parrish, et. ux. to Mark Appeby, Pt. Lot 1011, Coshocton, $1.00.

C. E. Aronhat, et. ux. to P. M. Pettit, 86 A., Lafayette Twp., $1.00.

Louisa Watson to L. D. Bower, Lot 180, Warsaw, (Bucklew Add.), $1.00.

C. E. COTTOM, Recorder.

Life and Death.

The final use of the greatest men of a nation is, after all, not with reference to their deeds in themselves or their direct bearing on their times or lands. The final use of a heroic, eminent life—especially of heroic, eminent death—is its indirect filtering into the nation and the race and to give, often at many removes, but unerringly, age after age, color and flavor to the personalism of the youth and maturity of that age and of mankind. . . . The dramatic deaths of every nationality are its most important inheritance value—in some respects beyond its literature and art.—Walt Whitman.

BUYS NEW HOME.

Albert McFadden has sold his residence property, located on South Tenth street, to William F. Roller, who will make his newly acquired property his home. Mr. McFadden expects to move to Hopedale, O., his former residence. The deal was closed thru the Snyder real estate agency.

Ward and Clyde Johnston, of the Ohio National Guard and stationed at Columbus, are spending the week-end at their home in this city.

(Copyright registered, 1917)

Ready!

In nine cases out of ten, a dead battery means a dead car, for the battery is the source of ignition in 90% of the 1917 cars.

If you're one of the nine, when you want battery service, you want it *at once*.

And we're always on the job to give it to you.

No matter whether you came in to have your battery merely tested, or completely rebuilt, we're *there* with men and equipment to take care of you.

If your battery needs repairs or recharging we have a rental battery for your use whatever make or model of car you own.

Willard Service is complete, it's always *ready*.

Guy R. Tarney
226 Main St.—Rear Crowther's Garage

STORAGE BATTERY Willard

C-O-A-L

Get your winter supply now and save money and inconvenience later.

Ours is the best

THE HILL COAL YARD
Both Phones